

NOTE

FOR DATA ON PARTS SEE TABLE
OF REPLACEABLE PARTS

~~REF ID: A1111~~

TM 11-805 ✓



WAR DEPARTMENT

TECHNICAL MANUAL



TRANSMITTING COMPONENTS

OF

RADIO SET SCR-197-C,

RADIO SET SCR-197-D

AND

RADIO SET SCR-197-F

JUNE 8, 1942



4. DESCRIPTION OF MAJOR COMPONENTS

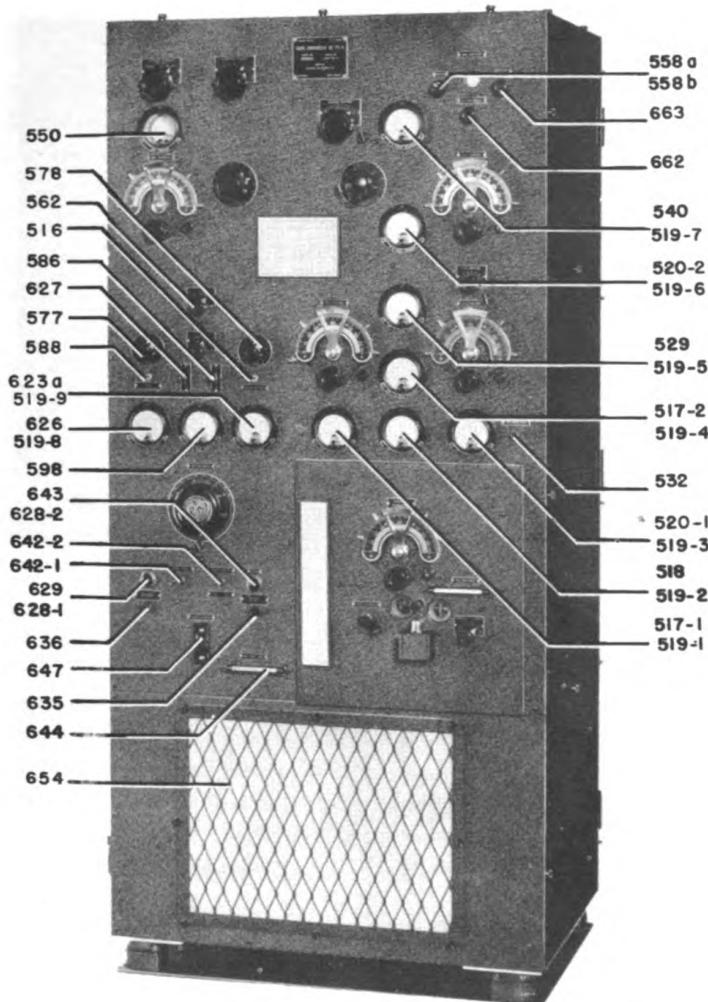


FIG. 1 RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B, FRONT VIEW

a. Radio Transmitter BC-325-B

(1) Radio Transmitter BC-325-B which is shown in Fig. 1 contains in its single cabinet all the electrical circuits necessary to produce within the frequency range of 1500-18000 kc., a CW signal of approximately 400 watts or a voice or tone modulated signal of 50 watts sideband power. All power supplies are included and require only a 110 volt, 60 cycle, single phase source for operation.

(2) Internally, the cabinet of Radio Transmitter BC-325-B is of a shelf-type construction with a center bulkhead running vertically to divide all but the bottom compartment in half. This latter compartment contains the ventilating fan, the larger transformers, chokes, and filter capacitors of the four power supplies, along with a fuse block and terminal board, while the compartment directly above on the left hand side houses the smaller power supply components, the rectifier tube housing and the power control relays. The second compartment up on the left, viewing the cabinet from the front, has in it the keyer

tube and audio-modulator stage, and on the upper shelf on the same side is the antenna coupling network. On the right side of the radio transmitter the heat insulated oscillator box, which also houses the first intermediate amplifier tube, is just above the large bottom compartment. The shelf above the oscillator box is divided by a shield that runs laterally to the center bulkhead and the first intermediate amplifier plate tank occupies the front section with the second intermediate amplifier being located in the rear. The top shelf on the right side contains the power amplifier and cathode ray modulation indicator. Both the right and left sides of the transmitter cabinet are equipped with hinged doors which have safety interlocks for the protection of operating personnel. On the right side of the front panel are the radio frequency tuning controls and on the left are the power switches, the line voltage control knob, the CW, tone and voice selecting knob and operating controls and the antenna tuning dial and knobs. Dust filters at the bottom of the front panel and in

SRLF
YRL

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the top of the transmitter cabinet clean the air that is circulated by the ventilating fan.

(3) Meters are provided to read the current or voltage of all important circuits. These include the oscillator plate current, the first intermediate amplifier plate and grid currents, the second intermediate amplifier plate and grid currents, the power amplifier plate and grid currents, antenna current, filament and line voltages, audio input level, and plate voltage to the power amplifier.

(4) Adequate overload protection devices are included in the various circuits. Fuses, mounted in the lower left

section of the transmitter and accessible from the left side door, protect the filament, bias, and plate voltage supplies. The main high voltage plate supply includes an overload relay of the automatic reset type. The mercury vapor rectifiers are protected from premature application of plate voltage by a thirty second time delay relay that is set into action when the main power START switch is pushed.

(5) A dust cover is provided to protect the radio transmitter when not in use. This slips over the entire transmitter cabinet and is held in place by snap fasteners at the rear.



FIG. 2 CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B, FRONT VIEW

b. Control Unit RM-7-B

(1) The Control Unit RM-7-B shown in Fig. 2 is of a chassis type construction and is mounted in a metal cabinet. It is designed as a keying or voice modulating unit for Radio Transmitter BC-325-B and is to be used at either one of two operating locations. These two locations are in the truck with the transmitter, and in the trailer at a remote point up to 7½ miles away. A single switch located in the rear on the left hand side of the chassis is set, depending on which of the two operating locations is being used. Access to this switch is gained by removing the chassis from the cabinet.

(2) The control unit when set for remote operation in the trailer provides two operating positions. From either of these it is possible to key or voice modulate the transmitter with a microphone and key plugged into the appropriate front panel jacks. Either of the two operating positions is selected by a two-position switch located in the center of the front panel. Also on the front panel are two means of radio receiver disabling for each operating position. When the key is depressed, the two jacks labelled RELAY CONTACTS are open-circuited for the purpose of opening the minus B voltage lead on a radio receiver, while the remaining two jacks labelled BC-342 make available 12 volts at a quarter of an ampere to operate an external relay. A switch in the lower center of the front panel removes radio receiver disabling when such is not desired. Audio gain from the microphones of either of the two operating positions can be controlled by a potentiometer knob that is mounted on the front panel, while the level of audio gain is indicated by the meter in the upper center. 110 volts for the operation of the remote control

unit is fed into the male receptacle on the lower right hand side of the cabinet, while the two audio lines and ground return which connect the truck and trailer operating positions are brought into the six prong male receptacle at the lower left.

(3) When set for local operation in the truck, the control unit may be used as an operating position from which it is possible to key and voice modulate the radio transmitter. It may also be used for feeding the remote lines from the trailer control unit through to the transmitter. The latter occurs on position 1 of the operating position switch, while the former is on position 2. Local keying and voice modulating is accomplished from a key and microphone plugged into the appropriate jacks on the position 2 side of the front panel, while the corresponding jacks on the position 1 side connect through lines to the terminal board in the lower left hand side of the transmitter. Radio receiver disabling is not available when the control unit is set for operation in the truck. The two audio lines from the trailer control unit are brought through fairlead openings in the rear of the truck and are connected to the terminal boards located on the lower rear corner of each inner truck side wall. The terminal boards are then connected through the truck inter-wiring to the plug on the lower left hand side of the control cabinet.

(4) Each control unit includes the chassis of Telephone EE-8 or EE-8-A, making telephone communication possible over one of the audio lines between truck and trailer. The ringing generator handle of the telephone unit is mounted on the front panel of the control unit, while the handset mounts in a separate cradle.

(5) A dust cover which slips over the control unit is provided to protect the unit when it is not in use.

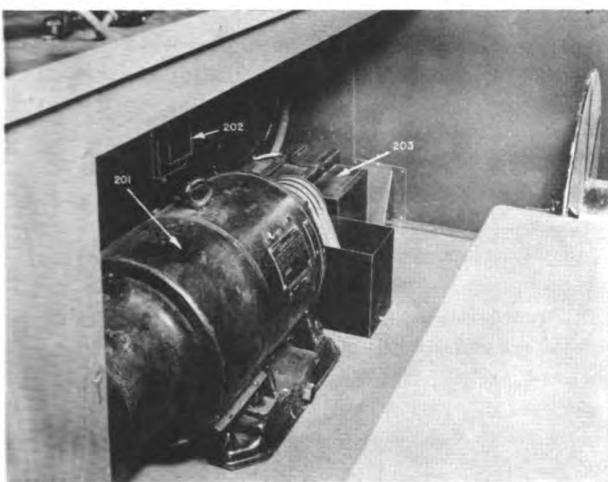


FIG. 3 GENERATOR GN-42-B, VIEW OF INSTALLATION

c. Generator GN-42-B

(1) Generator GN-42-B shown in Fig. 3 is intended as an emergency source of power for Radio Transmitter BC-325-B and its associated equipment and is driven by the truck motor from a separate power takeoff unit. The clutch lever engaging this power takeoff unit is located on the floor at the driver's side in the truck cab. The rating on the generator is as follows:

Output voltage	110 V. AC, 60 cycles, single phase
Output power	3 KVA at 80% power factor
Speed	1800 RPM

(2) Generator GN-42-B is located in the truck under the operating bench toward the rear, and slightly above

the generator on the operating bench apron is located the voltage regulator which is employed in the generator field circuit to maintain a constant voltage output under conditions of varying load (see ¶10). The wiring of the generator to Radio Transmitter BC-325-B and other equipment is accomplished through Power Control Panel BD-92-B which is described in the following paragraph.

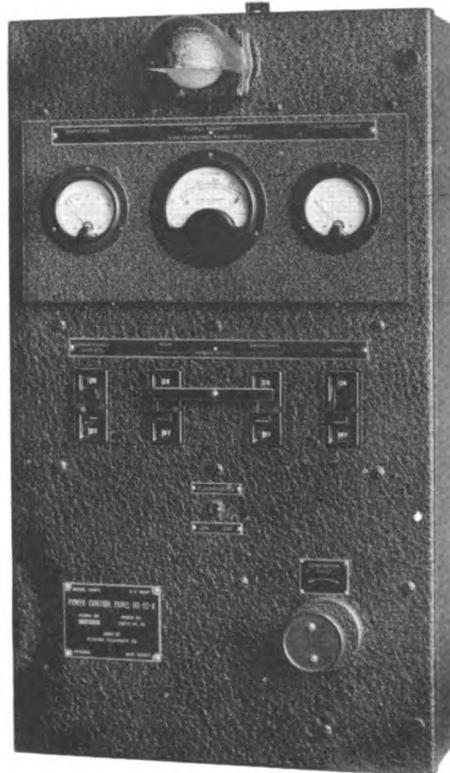


FIG. 4 POWER CONTROL PANEL BD-92-B, FRONT VIEW

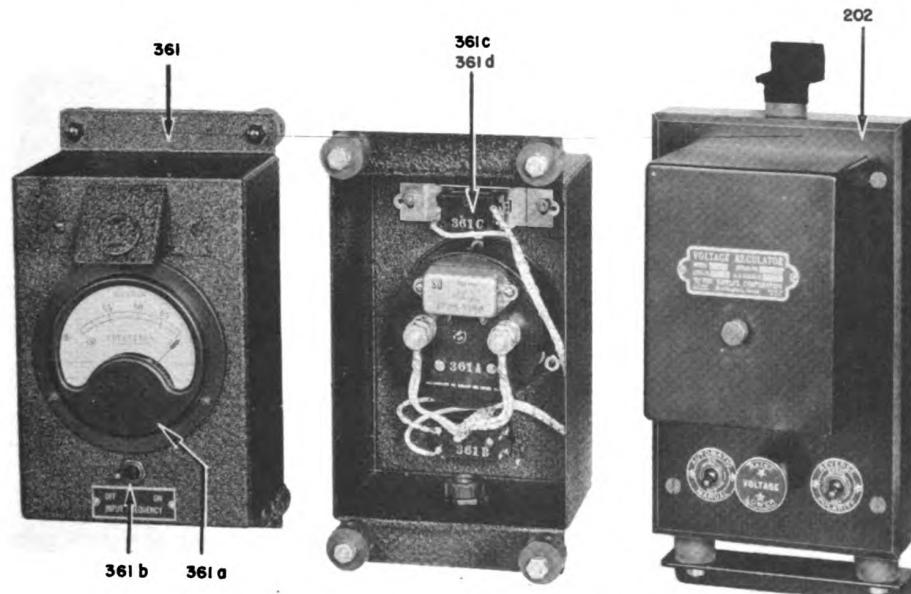


FIG. 5 AUXILIARY FREQUENCY METER, FRONT AND REAR VIEWS:
AND VOLTAGE REGULATOR, FRONT VIEW

d. Power Control Panel BD-92-B and Its Associated Equipment

Associated with the power control panel, which is mounted on the rear wall of the truck, is a connection box located at the rear of the operating bench, an auxiliary frequency meter mounted on the right wall of the truck cab, an autotransformer, and 75 ft. of rubber covered power cord. A front panel view of the Power Control Panel BD-92-B is shown in Fig. 4 and the voltage regulator and auxiliary frequency meter in Fig. 5. When a commercial power source is used, the power is fed by means of the 75 ft. power cord through a fairlead opening in the rear of the truck to the appropriate terminals in the connection box. Separate terminals are provided for 110 or 220 volts. The link between the connection box and the power control panel is made through an autotransformer which is located on the floor directly to the rear of the generator and provides 110 volts to the power control panel regardless of whether 110 or 220 volts is supplied to the connection box. A tap switch located on the bottom of the connection box selects various taps on the autotransformer so that the voltage to the power control panel may be maintained at 110 volts. The range of

variation provided by these taps is approximately 10 per cent high or low. Line protection is provided by two fuses in the connection box. At the top of the power control panel are located three meters which indicate the voltage, current, and frequency of the power being supplied. Directly below the meters are four switches which control the lights in the truck, the convenience outlets on the left hand side of the power control panel and on the front of the operating bench, the main power from a commercial source, and emergency power from the truck generator. A safety interlock device is provided to prevent both main and emergency power from being applied at the same time. In the lower right hand corner of the panel is a rheostat control for the field current of the emergency generator exciter. Thermal circuit breakers within the power control panel protect either source of power being used at the time. All wiring which is done either to or from the power control panel is fed through an opening in the bottom of the panel and terminated on an internal terminal board. The frequency meter in the cab of the truck is paralleled with that on the power control panel and is convenient for allowing the truck driver to maintain the motor speed at the proper value for the generation of 60 cycles.



FIG. 6 TRUCK, EXTERNAL VIEW SHOWING ERECTED ANTENNA

e. Antenna

The antenna employed in conjunction with Radio Transmitter BC-325-B is of the vertical tapered mast type and is guyed in three directions for stability in high wind. It is composed of nine fitted sections which, when disassembled, are readily mounted in the brackets provided for the purpose at the rear of the truck. When erected for use the antenna stands vertical from a ground base plate held in place by two stakes, up the left wall of the truck, being supported from the wall by a porcelain standoff insulator as shown in Fig. 6. The guy ropes extend from a plate located about two-thirds of the distance up the antenna, to stakes driven 120 degrees apart

in the ground at a suitable distance from the base. Electrical connection between the antenna and Radio Transmitter BC-325-B is made from a spade lug terminated lead attached to the antenna, to a bowl insulator in the truck wall. When in operation, the truck is electrically grounded by means of two ground rods. One of these is driven into the ground on the left hand side of the truck while the other is driven at the rear. Winged nut connections are provided at these two locations on the truck chassis and are connected to the ground rods by means of 8 ft. rubber-covered cords. The ground rods when not in use are mounted in a bracket at the front on the inner left wall of the truck.

f. Ventilating Unit and Floodlights

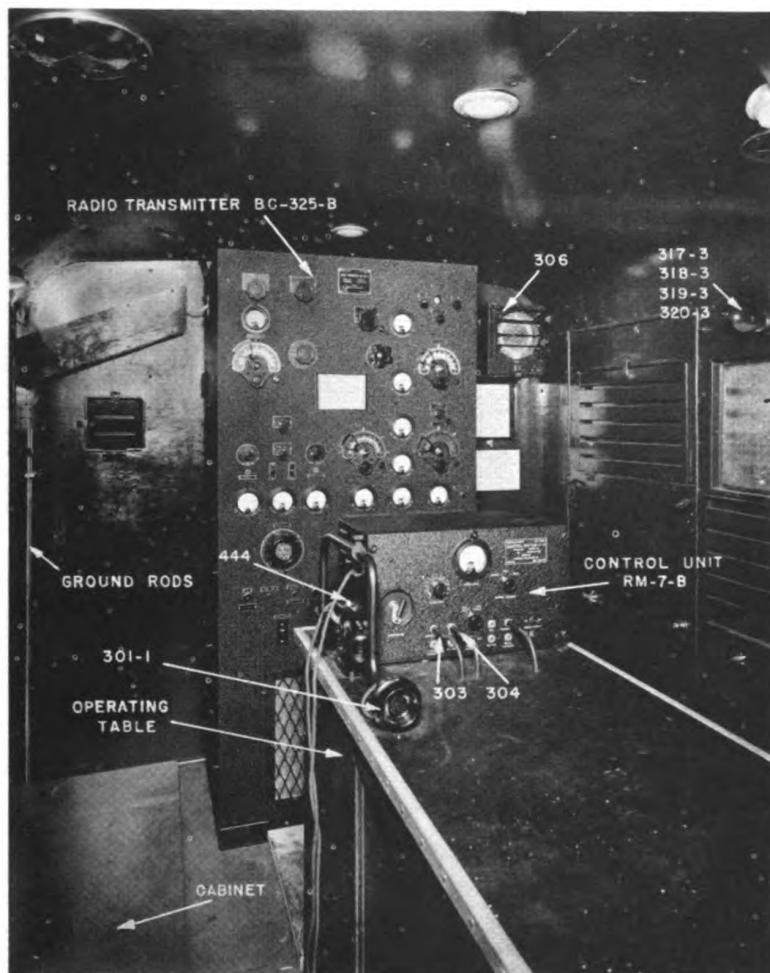


FIG. 7 INSTALLATION IN TRUCK, VIEW LOOKING TOWARDS FRONT

(1) A ventilating unit is mounted to the right of the radio transmitter on the cab body partition as seen in Fig. 7. This unit incorporates a 1500 watt heater unit and fan. It is possible to run the fan alone, but under no circumstances can the heater be operated without the fan,

as a protective cut-out automatically turns off the heater if the fan fails. The cut-out can be reset by pressing a button on the front of the unit when the cause of the fan failure has been remedied.

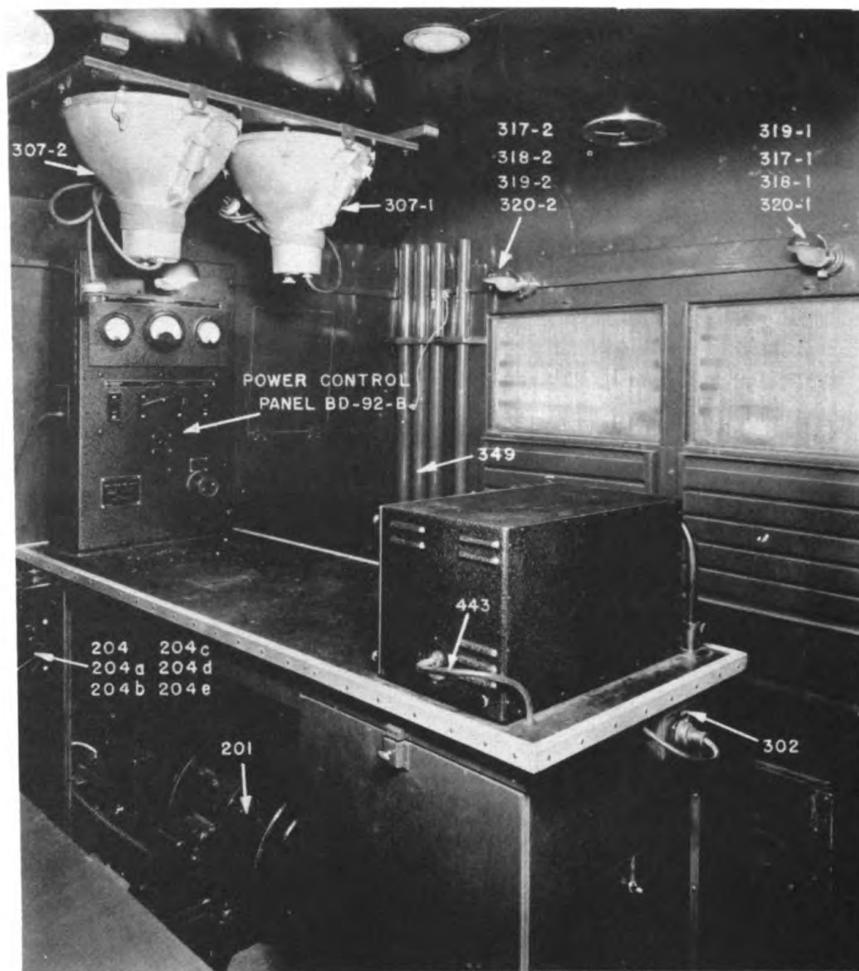


FIG. 8 INSTALLATION IN TRUCK, VIEW LOOKING TOWARDS REAR

(2) Floodlights are provided which operate from mounting brackets on the two rear upper corners of the truck. Power cords from the lights are plugged into capped outlets that are located near the bracket mountings. The floodlights are controlled by a toggle switch on the front panel of the Power Control Panel BD-92-B, and when not in use, are mounted from a rack on the ceiling of the truck as shown in Fig 8.

g. Installation

The installation of the transmitting components is seen in Figs. 7 and 8. The square, wood cover over each rear wheel well on either side of the truck has a hinged top. These serve as benches for the operating table and also for storage chests. An additional cabinet is built under

the front end of the operating table with shelves and a drawer for spare tubes, fuses, etc. The other installed components already described in previous paragraphs are also identified in the two figures.

h. List of Power Input Requirements

Component	Power Input (Watts)
Radio Transmitter BC-325-B	2100
Control Unit RM-7-B	60
Heater-Ventilator Unit	1500
Floodlights (2)	400
Truck Lights (5)	250

II EMPLOYMENT

5. INITIAL PROCEDURE

In selecting an operating position for the truck, it is required that there be a 50 ft. lane free of overhead obstruction extending outward from the left door, for the assembling and erection of the antenna mast. A clear circular area of approximately 36 ft. radius must also be available around the base of the antenna for the installation of the guy stakes. If a commercial source of power is to be used in operating the transmitting equipment, it must be no further than 70 ft. away in order to use the supplied power cord. This need not be of any consideration, however, if the emergency generator is to be operated.

6. PREPARATION FOR USE

a. All the principal components are factory mounted in the truck, these components being Radio Transmitter BC-325-B, Control Unit RM-7-B set for local operation, emergency Generator GN-42-B with voltage regulator, and the Power Control Panel BD-92-B with the connection box and autotransformer. All components have been factory inspected for proper operation, but should be checked for tightness of screws, injury to wiring or meters, etc.

b. An inspection should be made to determine that the correct tube is installed in each socket. Tubes with Signal Corps type numbers marked on them have been tested before procurement and meet rigid Government Specifications. The corresponding commercial tubes not marked with Signal Corps type numbers may or may not be the

c. Check all fuses to see that they are tight in their fittings and of the correct rating. The complete fuse complement is given in the following list.

RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B FUSE COMPLEMENT:

	Circuit	Circuit Symbol	Current Rating	Voltage Rating	Bussman Mfg. Co. Catalog No.
Fuse complement for SCR-197-C	Oscillator and bias rectifiers	631-1	1.6 amp. Fusetron	250	4016
	Plate of low voltage rectifier	631-2	1.6 amp. Fusetron	250	4016
	Ventilating fan	631-3	1.6 amp. Fusetron	250	4016
	All filament transformers	632	3.2 amp. Fusetron	250	4032
	Plate of high voltage rectifiers	634	12 amp. Fusetron	250	412
Fuse complement for SCR-197-D	Oscillator and bias rectifiers	633	2.0 amp. Fusetron	250	402
	Plate of low voltage rectifier	631-2	1.6 amp. Fusetron	250	4016
	Ventilating fan	631-1	1.6 amp. Fusetron	250	4016
	All filament transformers	632	4.5 amp. Fusetron	250	4045
	Plate of high voltage rectifiers	634	12 amp. Fusetron	250	412

CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B FUSE COMPLEMENT:

Circuit	Circuit Symbol	Current Rating	Voltage Rating	Catalog No.
Main line	434	1 amp.	250	Littelfuse 3AG Cat. No. 1040

CONNECTION BOX FUSE COMPLEMENT:

Circuit	Circuit Symbol	Current Rating	Voltage Rating	Style or Catalog No.
110 V. supply	204-d	60 amp.	250	Ferrule type (renewable)
220 V. supply	204-e	35 amp.	250	Ferrule type (renewable)

d. If a commercial source of 110 or 220 volts is used current is fed into the connection box through the 75 ft. rubber covered power cord. The power cord may be fed through the fairlead opening at the rear of the truck down through the opening in the top of the connection box and to the appropriate inside terminals. However, before connecting to any power source always measure the voltage to verify that it is 110 or 220 volts. Then make certain that the connection is properly made (see ¶11) as shown on Fig. 50. After throwing the switch on the side of the connection box and the switch marked MAIN on the power control panel, observe the voltmeter and frequency meter on the power control panel; 110 volts and 60 cycles should be indicated. Should the voltage be not more than 10 per cent above or below 110 volts, it can be brought to within 5 per cent of the proper value by adjustment of the tap switch on the underneath side of the connection box. The truck is then supplied with voltage for the operation of any of the components.

e. If a remote operating position is to be used, it is necessary that two audio lines connect the remote position with the truck. For remote control distances up to 1500 feet the two Reels DR-4 of Wire W-110 which are mounted on stands at either side of the rear of the truck may be used. Fairlead openings in the rear wall of the truck are located so that the wires may be conveniently run through them, and each reel of wire is provided with an axle and crank to facilitate laying and reeling in the wire. Cranking may be done from either the inside or the outside of the truck as holes through the truck sidewalls are provided for the purpose of external cranking. Having run the two lines to the desired remote position, they may be connected in the truck and in the trailer, making sure that line 1 and line 2 correspond at the truck and trailer positions. The lines at the truck end are connected to the terminal boards located on either side wall adjacent to the wire reels and are plainly marked as line 1 or line 2. Should the desired remote position be more than 1500 feet away, commercial audio lines will have to be used. However, the same precaution, that line 1 and line 2 correspond at both ends, must be observed.

f. To erect the antenna, the nine mast sections are re-

moved from their brackets and are laid end to end on the ground, ready for assembling at right angles to the left hand wall of the truck. The mast section numbers reading outward from the truck should be as follows: Mast Section MS-65, containing Insulator IN-102, Mast Section MS-66, Mast Section MS-67, Mast Section MS-68, Mast Section MS-69, Mast Section MS-70, Mast Section MS-71, Mast Section MS-72, and Mast Section MS-73. The Mast Brace MP-40 should then be mounted in place on the left hand wall of the truck. Directly under the mast brace the antenna base plate Mast Base MP-39 is staked to the ground with two Stakes GP-2 so that the antenna extending from the mast base up through the mast brace, will be in a true vertical line. Starting with the Mast Section MS-65, being connected to the mast base, the antenna may be assembled outwards, making sure that all intersection leads are connected to the wing nut fasteners. Mast Section MS-71 contains the guy rope mounting plate which should be put in place with guy ropes attached, the latter being laid alongside the antenna. With the mast base firmly staked to the ground, the operator should then lift the antenna somewhere near the middle and hoist it to a vertical position by walking along its length toward the truck, insert it into the mast brace, and close the locking gate. The guy wires are staked 120 degrees apart at a distance of 36½ ft. from the base of the antenna and pulled fairly tight. Attaching the spade lug tipped connection from the antenna to the bowl insulator in the left hand wall of the truck makes the antenna ready for service.

g. Remove the copper ground rods from their mounting bracket in the front left corner of the truck and drive them into the ground, placing one near the antenna and the other at the rear of the truck. The rods are then connected by means of the eight-foot rubber-covered ground leads to the wing nut connections on the truck chassis members.

7. OPERATION**a. Generator CN-42-B**

(1) If a commercial source of power has been connected, it is only necessary to throw the switch on the

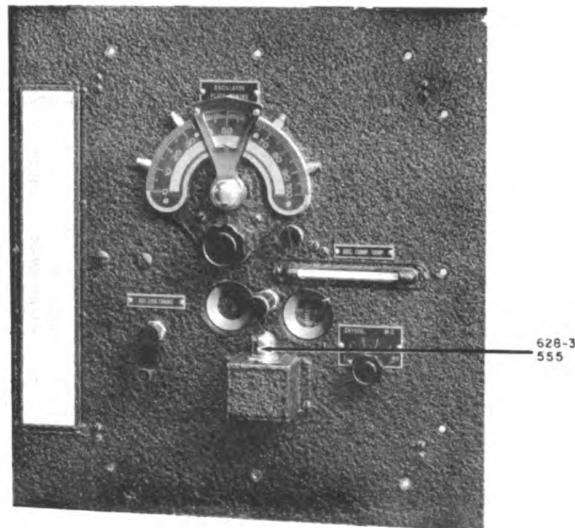


FIG. 9 RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B, FRONT VIEW OF OSCILLATOR

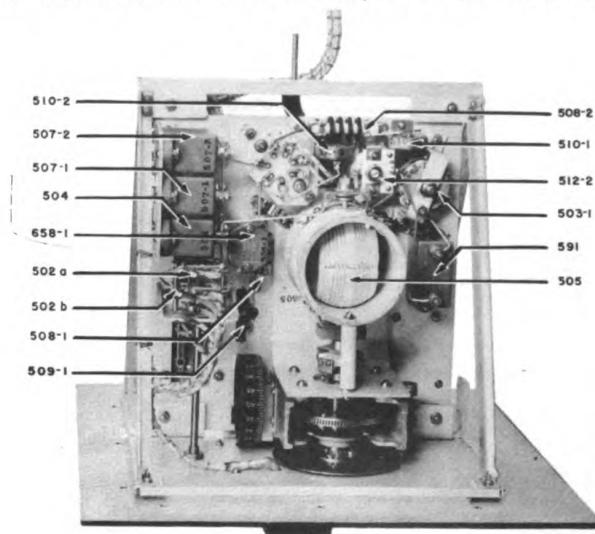


FIG. 10 RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B, BOTTOM VIEW OF OSCILLATOR

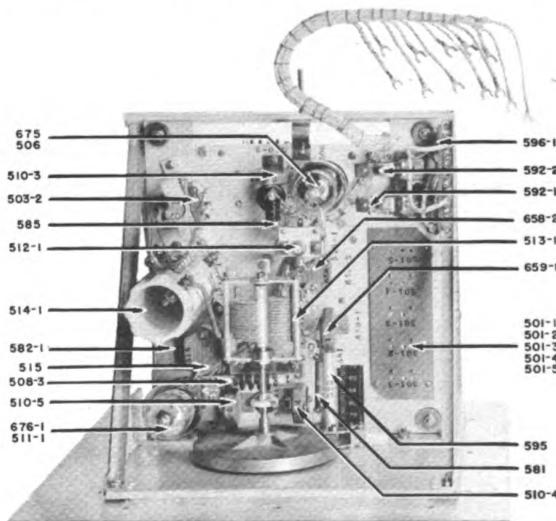


FIG. 11 RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B, TOP VIEW OF OSCILLATOR

III DETAILED FUNCTIONING OF PARTS

8. RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B (see Fig. 48)

a. Oscillator

(1) The oscillator is of the Colpitts type utilizing a Tube VT-101 (commercial type 837) a pentode tube with the fundamental frequency being generated between screen and grid and with the plate circuit resonated at the second harmonic. Feedback voltage of the proper phase and magnitude for self-oscillation in MO operation is obtained across capacitor 507-2 which forms part of the grid tank tuning capacity. For crystal control, switch 502 puts the desired crystal in series with the oscillator grid where it acts as a band pass filter at the crystal frequency and stabilizes the oscillation at that point. The grid tank circuit comprised of variometer 505, capacitors 504, 507-1, 507-2 and 591 and a small variable padding capacitor 512-2 is arranged to cover the frequency range of 750-2250 kc in two bands, 750-1300 kc and 1300-2250 kc. The lower of these two bands is used on positions 1, 2, 3, 5 and 7 of the main range switch 503 with section 1 (503-1) of this latter switch putting capacitor 591 across the tank. On positions 4, 6, 8, 9 and 10, capacitor 591 is omitted and the range of the higher band is covered. The grid of the oscillator tube is coupled through capacitor 658-1 across approximately two-thirds of the grid tank. The d-c grid return current goes to ground through the r-f choke 508-1 and a resistor 509-1, the voltage drop across the latter supplying part of the oscillator bias. The cathode of the oscillator tube is maintained above r-f ground potential by r-f choke 508-2, while the low potential end of this choke is by-passed for radio frequency by means of capacitor 510-1. The d-c cathode return is connected to the HIGH-LOW speed keying switch 554 through terminal board 556. With this latter switch in the HIGH position, the cathode is returned to ground through resistor 553. In the LOW position the cathode returns to ground through keyer tube 676-4. The series cathode resistance of either resistor 553 and the plate resistance of the keyer tube are approximately equal and provide additional bias for the oscillator tube. The screen is by-passed to ground for radio frequency by capacitor 510-2 and receives its positive d-c voltage from lead 1 on the bleeder resistor 620-1 of the oscillator rectifier power supply. The plate of the oscillator tube receives d-c voltage through D-C milliammeter 517-1, which is by-passed by capacitor 519-1, and r-f choke 585, by-passed at its low potential end to ground by capacitor 510-3. The plate of the oscillator tube is coupled by means of series capacitors 512-1 and 658-2 to the plate tank circuit which is comprised of capacitors 659-1 and 513-1, inductor 514-1, and range switch section 503-2. Variable coupling capacitor 512-1

is factory set and locked and should not be tampered with. The oscillator plate tank is always operated at twice the grid frequency. There are five taps on inductor 514-1. These are wired to their appropriate positions on the section 503-2 of the main range switch. Detailed views of the oscillator are shown in Figs. 9, 10 and 11.

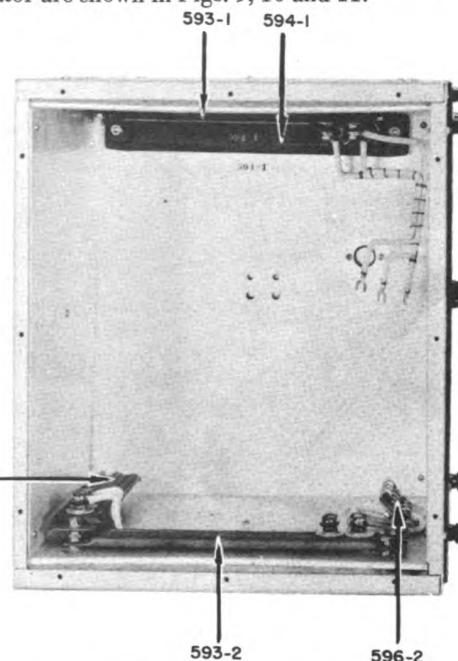


FIG. 12 RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B,
OSCILLATOR COMPARTMENT BOX

(2) The oscillator compartment shown in Fig. 13 is thermally insulated and temperature controlled to approximately 63°C. by heater elements 593-1, 593-2, 594-1 and 594-2 and thermostats 592-1 and 592-2. These heaters operate from 110 volts a.c. which is supplied from the terminal board 556 through the cable at the rear of the oscillator compartment. Heaters 593-1 and 593-2 have a combined capacity of 175 watts and are controlled by thermostat 592-2 which regulates at a temperature of approximately 63°C., while heaters 594-1 and 594-2 have a combined capacity of 700 watts and are controlled by thermostat 592-1 to regulate at approximately 45°C. The purpose of the latter two heaters is to rapidly heat the oscillator box. Because their controlling thermostat regulates at a temperature of approximately 45°C., these heaters do not operate when the box is at the required temperature of 63°C., the smaller heat capacity heaters with their thermostats regulating the compartment temperature at the latter value. A thermometer 595, the scale of which is located on the oscillator panel, gives visual indication of the internal box temperature. All crystal

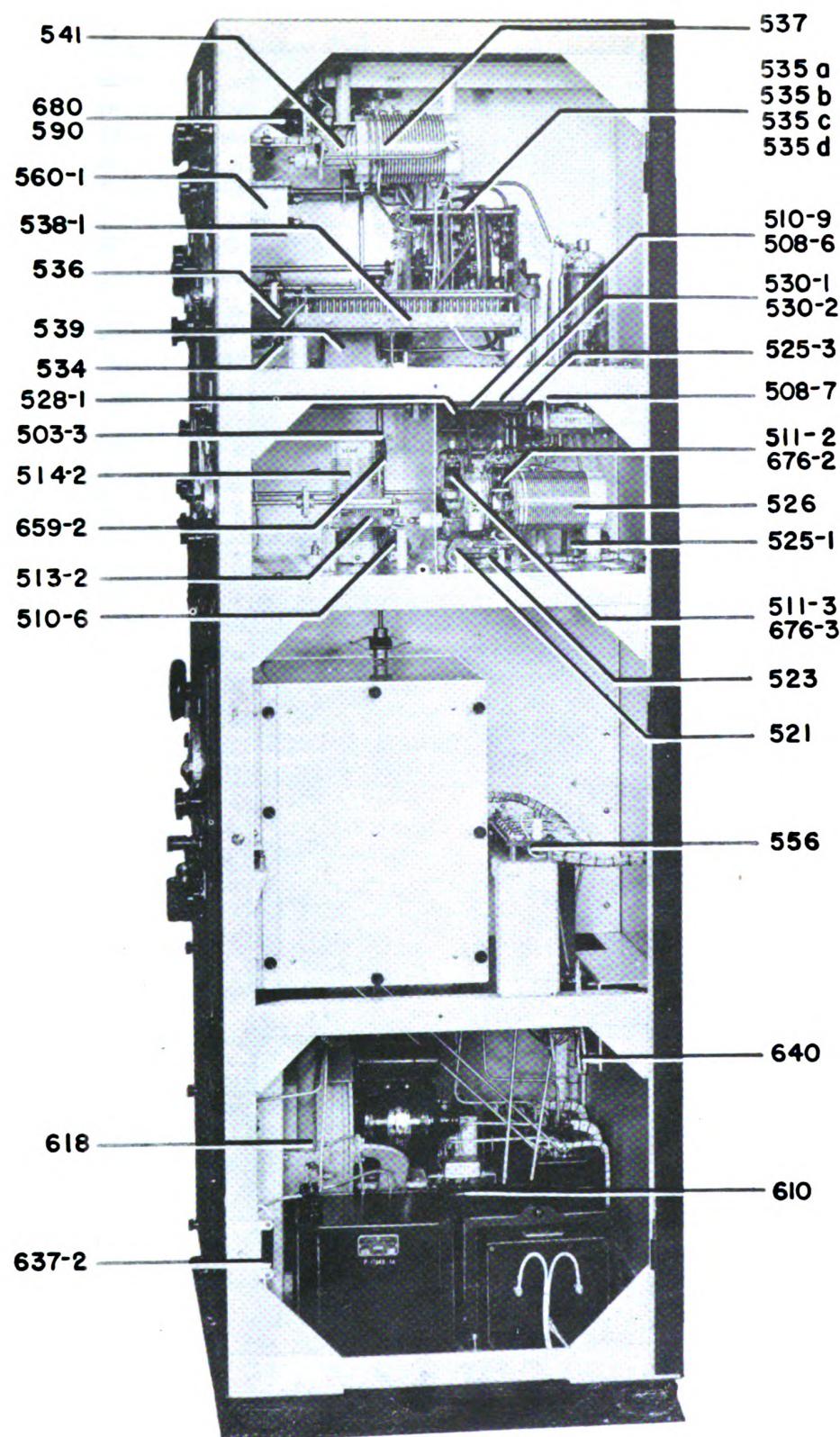


FIG. 13 RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B, RIGHT SIDE INTERIOR VIEW

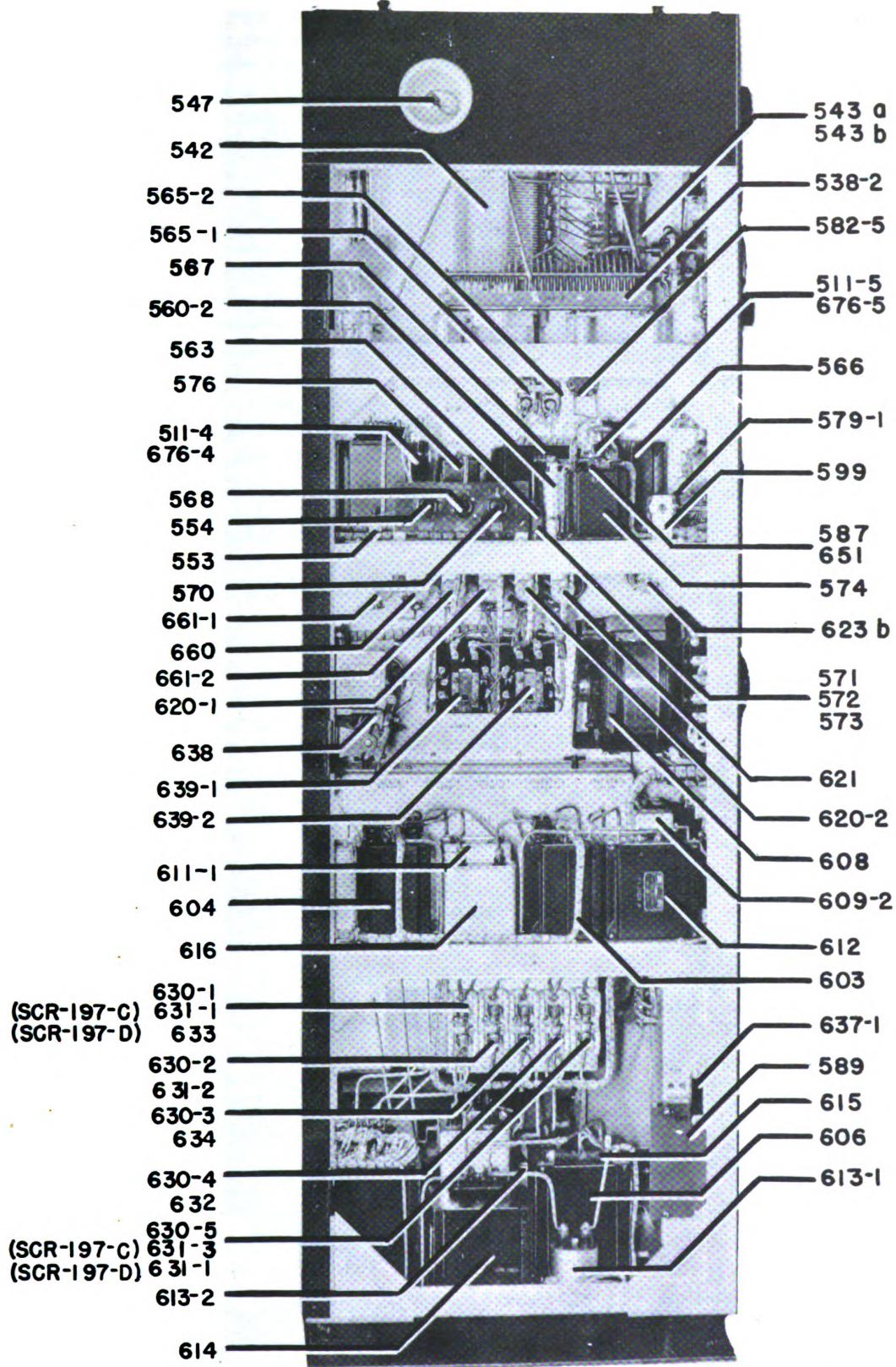


FIG. 14 RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B, LEFT SIDE INTERIOR VIEW

e. Antenna Coupling Network

(1) The antenna circuit is inductively coupled to the power amplifier tank by means of the coupling coil 541. When the antenna transfer switch 546 is in the position marked PHANTOM, the coupling network is a series tuned circuit with the series loop being made up of coupling coil 541, dummy load elements 548, 524-1 and 524-2, antenna ammeter 550, and other capacitive and inductive elements depending upon the position to which the antenna tuning switch 544 has been set. In position 1 of switch 544 the high capacity section of variable capacitor 538-2 and the parallel capacitance of capacitor 545 are in series with the inductor 542. The inductor 542 is equipped with a shorting type tap switch 543a which has sixteen positions and allows a corresponding number of inductance values to be selected. In position 2 of the antenna tuning switch 544, only the high capacitance section of the variable capacitor 538-2 is in series with inductor 542. In position 3 of this switch, only the low capacitance section of capacitor 538-2 is employed, the inductor 542 being entirely eliminated from the circuit.

(2) When operating into the real antenna with the antenna transfer switch 546 set in the ANTENNA SERIES position, tuning is accomplished in the same manner as previously described for the phantom antenna. Antenna ammeter 550 indicates the current at the base of the antenna.

(3) When operating the antenna with the antenna transfer switch 546 on the ANTENNA PARALLEL position, the antenna is connected through ammeter 550 directly to the high potential end of the coupling coil 541. The antenna circuit is parallel tuned by selecting combinations of capacitance and inductance with antenna tuning switch 544.

f. Voice-Tone Modulating Circuit

The audio frequency Tube VT-100, commercial type 807, serves the dual purpose of an amplifier-modulator tube for voice modulation or a tone oscillator capable of producing three audio frequencies for modulated CW. Transformer coupling is employed in both the grid and plate circuits of this stage. Plate transformer 567 has three windings which are employed as follows: The winding between terminals 1 and 2 is in the plate circuit of the tube, with terminal 2 going to the plate, and terminal 1 to the d-c plate voltage at the bleeder resistor 620-1 of the oscillator power supply. Capacitor 565-1 provides an audio by-pass across the d-c supply. The winding between terminals 3 and 4 couples into the suppressor of the power

amplifier when modulation is employed. The suppressor is placed in series with this winding by means of the CW-Tone-Voice switch section 562b. Chokes 566 and 569 and capacitor 564 serve as an audio filter to give the desired characteristics for voice modulation. It should be noted that choke 569 is placed in parallel with choke 566 by switch sections 562c and 562d when voice is being used, and is removed for tone. This is done to give the desired voice characteristics, but allows a greater degree of high frequency attenuation on tone for the suppression of undesired audio harmonics. Potentiometer 568 provides the correct load resistance for the audio tube and also serves as a gain control for tone modulation. The winding of the plate transformer between terminals 5 and 6 provides feedback for the tone oscillator. In the TONE position of switch 562, this winding is parallel tuned to the three desired tone frequencies of 550, 950 and 1450 cycles per second by choke 569 and capacitors 573, 572 and 571, respectively, and is coupled back to the grid through resistor 563. The three latter capacitors are selected by the tone frequency selector switch 570. The grid transformer 574 has three windings. The one between terminals 7 and 8 connects the grid of the audio tube to ground and is loaded by resistor 587. The winding of terminals 1 and 4 is for voice input and has two taps at terminals 2 and 3 so that either a microphone or 600 ohm line may be matched. The third winding, terminals 5 and 6, is not used. A 600 ohm input is connected to terminals 1 and 4 when the Local-Remote switch 580 is in the REMOTE position. This input is connected to the terminal board 589 and in turn to the control unit RM-7-B, and has two T-pad attenuators across it with an audio level meter 598 inserted at their common point. T-pad 577 provides panel control for the audio signal coming over the control line. T-pad 599 is factory set and sealed so that 100 per cent modulation of the transmitter is accomplished with an audio level indication of minus 5 db. With the Local-Remote switch 580 in the LOCAL position, modulation from the front panel jack 516 is possible. This jack is connected from terminal 3 to ground, and terminal 1 returns to ground through resistor 579-2. Rheostat 578 is connected across terminals 1 and 3 and acts as a gain control for the local microphone. D-C microphone current is supplied by having the cathode current of the audio tube flow to ground through the center tap of the microphone winding at terminal 2 and through choke 576. The balanced nature of the microphone circuit prevents the d-c microphone current from causing any saturation in the input winding.

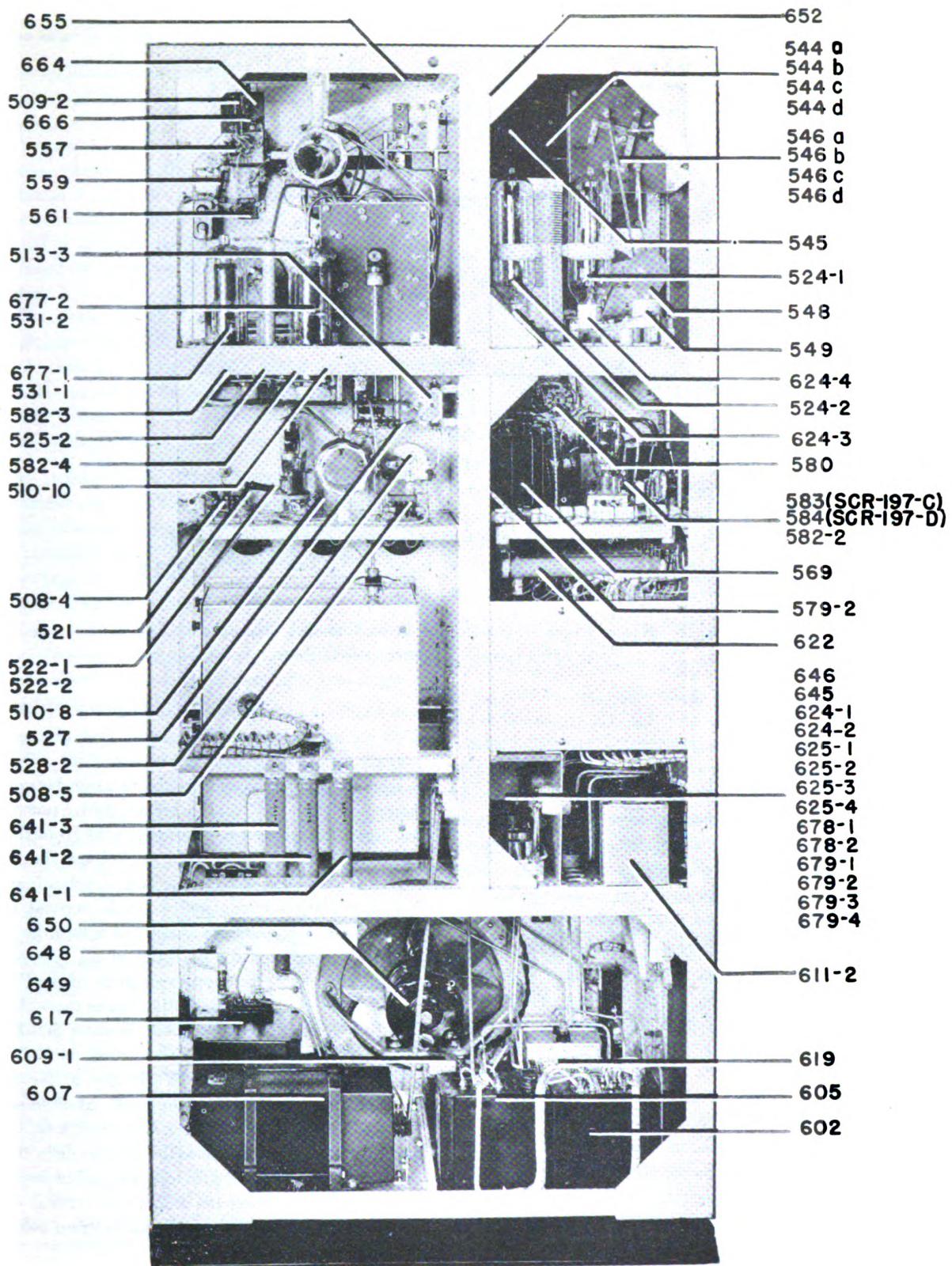
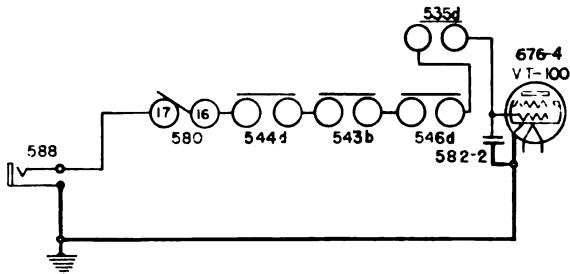
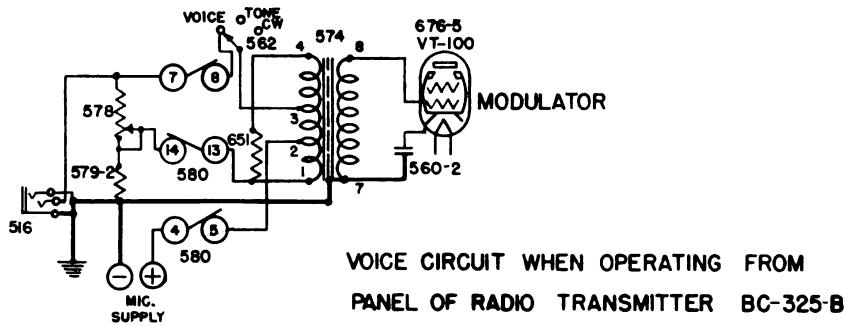


FIG. 15 RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B, REAR INTERIOR VIEW



KEYING CIRCUIT WHEN OPERATING FROM PANEL OF
 RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B



VOICE CIRCUIT WHEN OPERATING FROM
 PANEL OF RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B

FIG. 16 RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B, FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM OF KEY
 AND MICROPHONE CIRCUITS FROM PANEL

g. Keyer Tube

The keyer tube VT-100, commercial type 807, is placed in series with either the oscillator or first intermediate amplifier cathode by the High-Low speed keying switch 554. In the LOW speed position, the oscillator is keyed and in the HIGH speed position, the intermediate amplifier is keyed. The cathode current of the stage being keyed is conducted through the keyer tube to ground. In the key up position, the grid of the keyer tube is biased to cut-off with a negative voltage from the bleeder resistor 621. In the key down position the grid is shorted to ground by the key contacts. Resistor 583 or 584 prevents the key from shorting the bias supply. The grid of the keyer tube is by-passed to ground by capacitor 582-2. The keying circuit has in series with it four contactors numbered 535d, 543b, 546d and 544d (see Fig. 16). These contactors are located in order on the range switch, antenna transfer switch, antenna inductor switch, and antenna tuning switch, and are for the purpose of preventing arcing on these switches by interrupting the r-f output as the switches are rotated. Test key 586 is permanently connected to the grid of the keyer tube.

h. Modulation Indicator

The modulation indicator is a commercial type 913 cathode-ray tube. The d-c voltage to supply the various elements of this tube is obtained from the bleeder re-

sistor 620-1 and is connected through the ON-OFF switch 558b to the voltage divider comprised of resistor 559, potentiometer 663, and potentiometer 558a. The cathode is connected above ground to the junction between potentiometer 663 and 558a, allowing a negative potential to be put upon the intensity controlling grid from the arm of the potentiometer 558a. Positive voltage for the focusing anode is obtained from the arm of potentiometer 663. The accelerating anode and a single vertical and horizontal deflection plate are connected within the tube, and are at the maximum d-c potential of the voltage divider. Audio is fed from the suppressor grids of the Power Amplifier to the horizontal deflection plates through blocking capacitor 561 and resistor 509-2. Resistor 509-2 works in conjunction with resistor 665 to act as an audio voltage divider and capacitor 664 is directly across the audio deflection plates as an r-f by-pass. Modulated carrier voltage is picked up by the rod located near the power amplifier tank and applied to the vertical deflection plates. Variable capacitor 662 provides a variable impedance to ground for controlling the amount of vertical deflection, and resistor 557 prevents any charge from collecting on the vertical deflection plates.

i. Power Supplies

(1) The rectifier tube compartment is equipped with a heater and controlling thermostat which applies heat when the ambient temperatures is below 25 degrees C. so that

voltage transformer 605 of the oscillator and bias power supplies is protected by a fuse. If this fuse blows no primary voltage is applied to low voltage and main high voltage supplies, thus providing protection to all stages in case of bias failure. Fuse 631-2 protects the primary

of transformer 606 of the low voltage power supply. The main high voltage supply has the double protection of the fuse 634 and the overload relay 643 which has been previously described in the description of the main high voltage power supply.

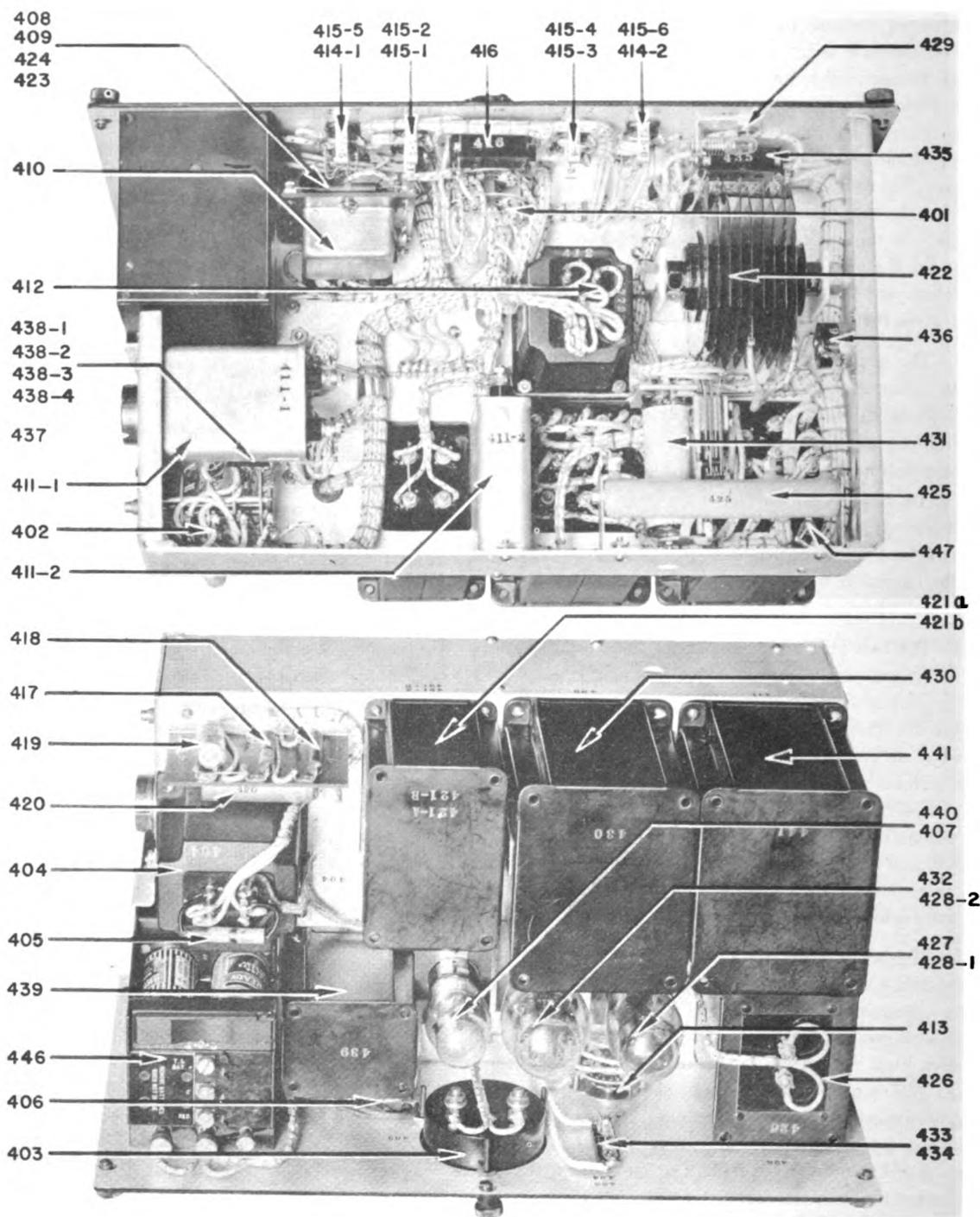


FIG. 17 CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B, VIEWS OF CHASSIS REMOVED FROM CABINET

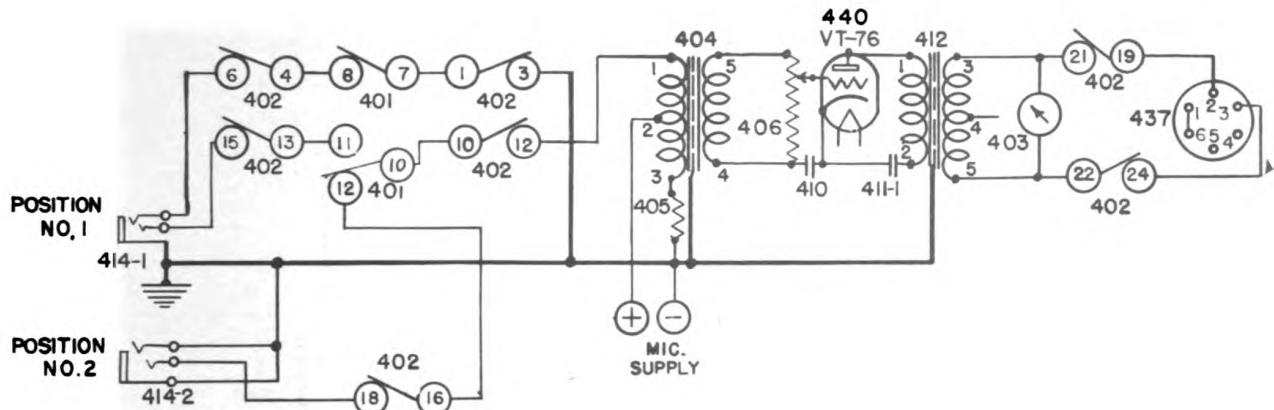


FIG. 18 CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B, ADJUSTED FOR REMOTE OPERATION, VOICE CIRCUIT

9. CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B (see Figs. 17 and 49)

a. Remote Operation (Switch 402 on back of chassis turned to REMOTE position)

(1) Voice—Fig. 18 shows the voice circuit of the Control Unit RM-7-B adjusted for remote operation. Functionally the control unit is a stage of audio amplification between either of the two microphone jacks 414-1 and 414-2 and the outgoing line plug 437. This figure shows the switch contact positions which complete the circuit.

The audio amplifier employs Tube VT-76 (commercial type 76). Transformer coupling is employed in both the plate and grid circuits. The primary of the grid trans-

former 404 is balanced to ground with the microphone between terminal 1 and ground, and resistor 405 between terminal 3 and ground. D-C microphone voltage is applied to the center tap of the primary winding at terminal 2. The potentiometer 406 across the secondary of the grid transformer is employed as a gain control. The plate transformer 412 matches the plate of the audio tube to a 600 ohm line. The capacitors 410 and 411-1 bypass the low potential ends of the secondary of the grid transformer 404 and the primary of the plate transformer 412, to the cathode of the tube. Meter 403 across the secondary of the plate transformer 412 indicates audio level.

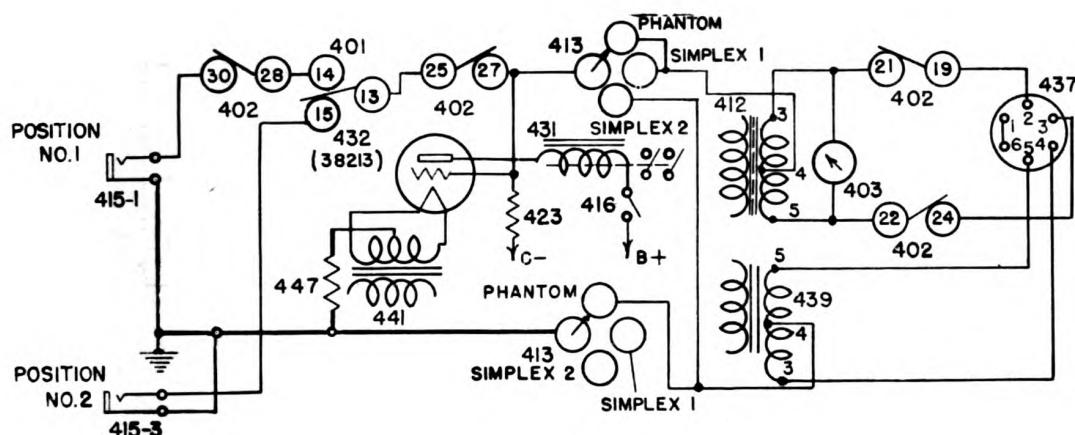


FIG. 19 CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B, ADJUSTED FOR REMOTE OPERATION, KEYING CIRCUIT

(2) Keying—Fig. 19 shows the keying circuit of the Control Unit RM-7-B adjusted for remote operation. Functionally, the control unit conducts the keying pulses from either of the keying jacks 415-1 and 415-3 to the outgoing line plug 437. Fig. 19 shows the contact positions of switches 401 and 402 which complete the keying

circuit. Three different methods of conducting the keying pulses through the Control Unit RM-7-B are selected by the Phantom-Simplex 1-Simplex 2 switch 413. The contacts of relay 431, which is controlled by tube 432, are wired to the receiver disabling jacks labeled BC-342 and RELAY CONTACTS on the control unit panel.

(2) Keying

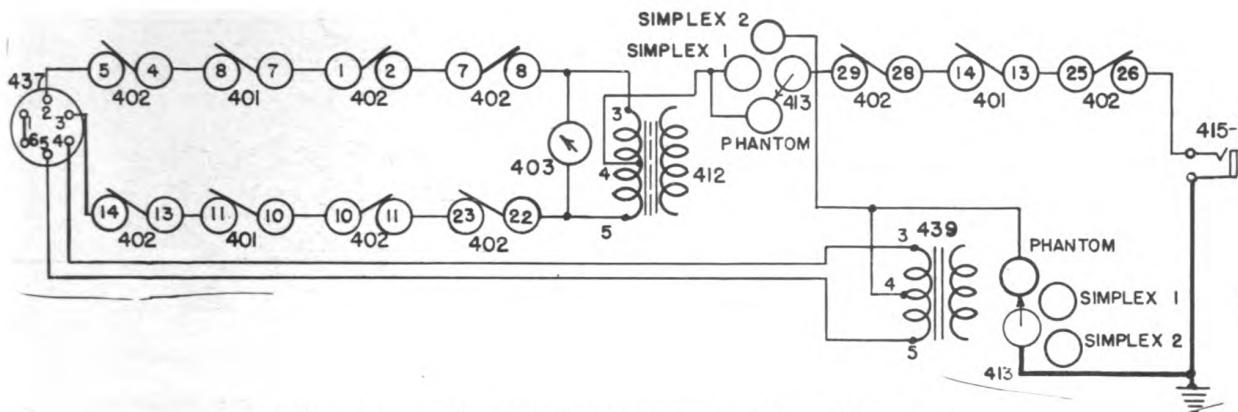


FIG. 22 CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B, ADJUSTED FOR LOCAL OPERATION,
KEYING CIRCUIT, OPERATING POSITION 1

(a) Operating Position 1—Fig. 22 shows the keying circuit of Control Unit RM-7-B adjusted for local operation and with the front panel position selecting switch on POSITION 1. The control unit conducts the keying pulses coming over the control lines to plug 437 through to jack 415-1. The keying cable to Radio Transmitter BC-325-B

plugs into the jack 415-1. Three different methods of conducting the keying pulses through the Control Unit RM-7-B are selected by the Phantom-Simplex 1-Simplex 2 switch 413. The contacts of switches 401 and 402 which complete the circuit are shown in Fig. 22.

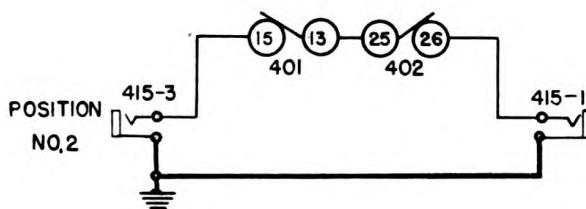


FIG. 23 CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B, ADJUSTED FOR LOCAL OPERATION,
KEYING CIRCUIT, OPERATING POSITION 2

(b) Operating Position 2—Fig. 23 shows the keying circuit of Control Unit RM-7-B adjusted for local operation and with the front panel position selecting switch 401 on POSITION 1. The control unit conducts the keying pulses from keying jack 415-3 through to jack 415-1. The keying cable from Radio Transmitter BC-325-B plugs into the jack 415-1. Fig. 23 shows the contacts of switches 401 and 402 which complete the circuit.

c. Power Supplies

There are two sources of power in the Control Unit RM-7-B, the first of which utilizes Tube VT-80 (commercial type 80) in a single-phase, full-wave rectifier circuit. Transformer 430 supplies the plate and filament voltages for this rectifier, and the filter, consisting of choke 426

and capacitor 411-2, is of the choke input type. Bleeder resistor 425 is grounded through a tap connection so that some negative voltage for bias purposes is available. The second source of power employs rectifier 422 which is of the copper oxide type. The alternating voltage to this rectifier is obtained from transformer 441. The filter connected to rectifier 422 is also of the choke input type except that it consists of two sections. The first section is made up of choke 421a and capacitor 420, and the second section is comprised of choke 421b and capacitor 419. Resistors 417 and 418 are in series across the d-c output of this supply in the form of a divider, making two values of output voltage possible. The lower value from the junction of resistors 417 and 418 is that which is supplied to the microphone and the full voltage is supplied to the jack labeled BC-342.

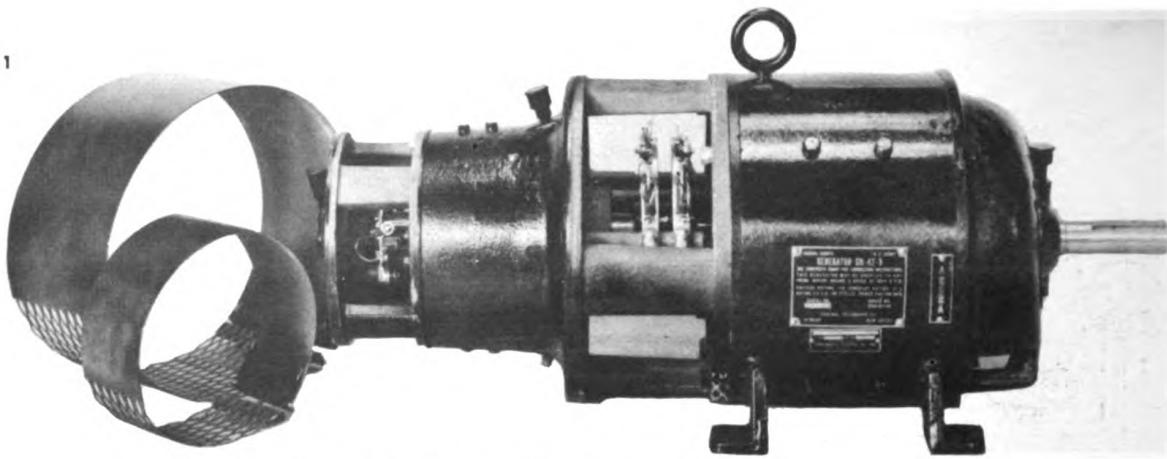


FIG. 24 GENERATOR GN-42-B, DETAILED VIEW

10. GENERATOR GN-42-B AND VOLTAGE REGULATOR (See Fig. 24)

a. The circuit of the generator and the associated voltage regulator are represented schematically in Fig. 50. Generator GN-42-B is designed to furnish 110 volts, 60 cycles and has a rated capacity of 3 KVA (see paragraph 4c). The voltage output of the generator can be controlled manually with the rheostat 101 located on the Power Control Panel BD-92-B or automatically with the voltage regulator 202. Automatic or manual voltage control is selected by a switch on the panel of the voltage regulator.

b. The voltage regulator 202 (see Fig. 5) is of the vibrator type. The vibrating contacts are connected to short-circuit the generator field voltage control rheostat 101 in the closed position. The vibration of the contacts is controlled by the a-c voltage output of the generator. If the a-c voltage drops, the vibrating contact will short-circuit the field resistance of the generator until the voltage increases to its normal value. If the a-c voltage rises, the field resistance will not be shorted until the voltage drops to its normal value. The regulator thus compensates for changes in voltage output. The pole-changing switch permits the polarity on the vibrator contacts to be reversed periodically, thus preventing excessive pitting of the contacts.

11. POWER CONTROL PANEL BD-92-B AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT

a. Connection Box and Autotransformer

Power Control Panel BD-92-B is a distribution point

for power going to various units of the installation. Associated with it are the connection box 204 and the autotransformer 203, as shown in the schematic diagram of Fig. 50. The connection box 204 is the incoming termination for a commercial source of 110 or 220 volts. Inside the box is a three-pole single-throw knife type switch which is operated by an arm that extends through the box wall. The three contacts of this switch provide the terminals for either 110 or 220 volts, the center contact of the three being common, while the one on the left is for 110 volts and the one on the right 220 volts. Across each of these pairs of terminals is a spark gap to provide protection against any surge that might occur on the line. The blades of the 220 volt section of the main switch are connected through fuse 204d to the extremities of the autotransformer 203 at terminals 1 and 7. The remaining 5 taps on the autotransformer connect to the five positions of the tap switch 204b in the connection box. The 110 volt section of the main switch connects through fuse 204e to position 3 of the tap switch 204b and terminal 1 of the autotransformer. Two leads, one coming from the rotor of the tap switch and the other from the common section of the main switch, connect to terminals 1 and 2 on the terminal board on the Power Control Panel BD-92-B. The autotransformer always provides 110 volts into the power control panel regardless of whether 110 volts or 220 volts is fed into the connection box. The 110 volts supplied to the control panel is adjustable in 5 per cent steps by means of the tap switch 204b.

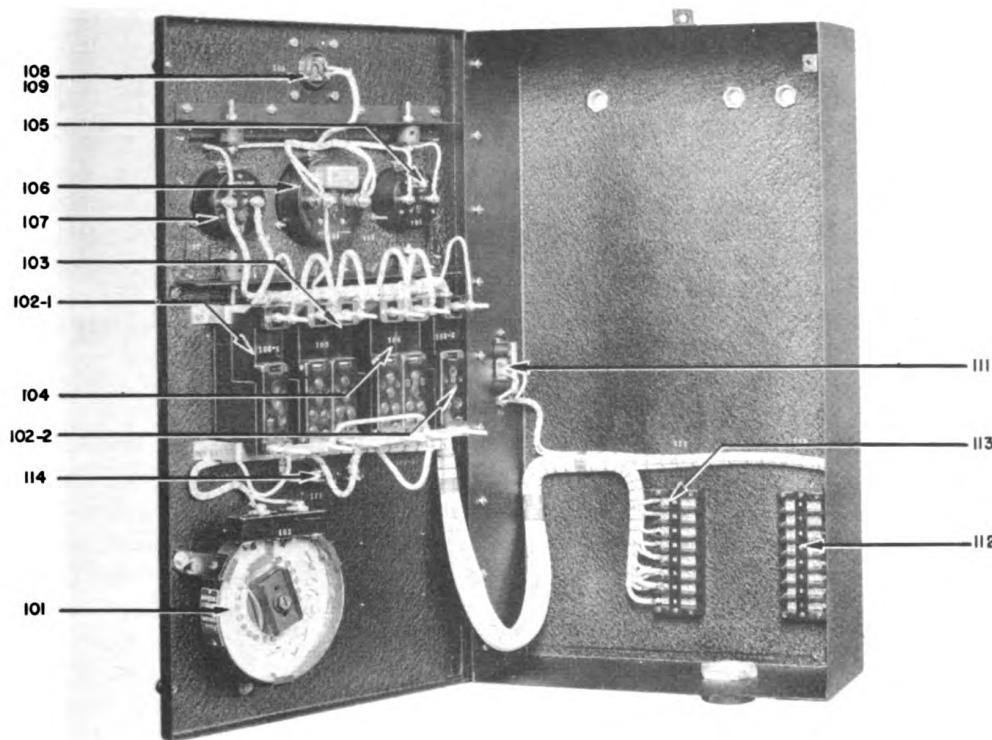


FIG. 25 POWER CONTROL PANEL BD-92-B, INTERIOR VIEW

b. Power Control Panel BD-92-B

As previously described, the output of the autotransformer connects to terminals 1 and 2 of the terminal board in Power Control Panel BD-92-B, and the Generator GN-42B is connected to terminals 3 and 4. The two pairs of terminals are then connected to switches 103 and 104, respectively, in the Power Control Panel BD-92-B. An interior view of Power Control Panel BD-92-B is shown in Fig. 25. Switches 103 and 104 have a thermal circuit breaker incorporated in each switch. A safety mechanism on the front panel prevents the switches 103 and 104 from being engaged simultaneously. From either switch 103 or 104, power is supplied through the ammeter 107 directly to Radio Transmitter BC-325-B and the heater ventilator

unit 306. Voltage to the convenience outlets at the end of the operating table and to the outlets on the power control panel is obtained from terminals 11 and 12 of the power control panel terminal board through the switch 102-2, which is a single pole breaker type with a thermal fuse incorporated. The truck lights are connected to the terminals 15 and 16 in the power control panel through switch 102-1, which is identical to switch 102-2. The receptacles on the rear exterior of the truck for the floodlight plugs connect to terminals 13 and 14 through the double-pole single-throw toggle switch 114. Voltmeter 105 and frequency meter 106 are connected permanently across the power source to indicate the voltage and frequency being furnished from the control panel at all times.

12. CHARACTERISTICS OF VACUUM TUBES

SIGNAL CORPS TYPE NO.....	VT-106	VT-100	VT-101	VT-46-A	VT-83	913	76	VT-95	VT-80
COMMERCIAL TYPE NO.....	303	807	837	866A	83	913	76	2A3	80
Type	Pentode	Beam power	Pentode	Mercury vapor	Mercury vapor	Cathode ray	Triode	Triode	High vacuum full wave rectifier
D-C plate voltage (volts max.)	2000	600	500				250	250	
D-C suppressor volt. (volts max.)	500		200						
D-C screen voltage (volts max.)	600	300	200						
D-C grid voltage (volts max.)	-500	-200	-200						
A-C filament volt. (volts normal)	10.0	6.3	12.6	2.5	5.0	6.3	6.3	2.5	5.0
D-C plate current (ma max.)	17.5((W))	100	80	250	225				125
	110(mod)								
D-C grid current (ma max.)	50	5	8						
A-C filament current (amps normal)	5	0.9	0.7	5	3	0.6	0.3	2.5	2
Plate input (watts normal)	350(CW)	60	32						
	180(mod)								
Suppressor input (watts max.)	10						5		
Screen input (watts max.)	30						3.5	8	
Plate dissipation (watts max.)	125	25	12						

Third—Replace cap nut AE-7, making it fairly tight. *Caution should be observed in handling these very small parts, as they can be easily broken.* Be sure to use the lock-washer under contact AE-8 as this will prevent the contact from working loose.

Fourth—To remove contact AE-9, loosen locknut AE-10.

Fifth—Replace contact AE-9 and set same so that when contact AE-9 is firmly against contact AE-8, both arms will appear parallel to each other. These contacts must face one another evenly and squarely. This may be accomplished by correctly setting contact arm AE-6, which can be set higher or lower, and contact AE-8, which may be shifted back and forth to the desired position. *Use great care in replacing contact AE-8 so that sensitive springs AE-8A will not in any way be damaged or deformed.*

Sixth—Tighten locknut AE-10 carefully, as it may easily be broken by excessive twisting.

16. LUBRICATION

a. The heater-ventilating unit should be lubricated with a light oil of Grade SAE-10 after 1,000 operating hours or an elapsed time of three months.

b. The truck ventilating fan 357 should be lubricated with General Electric fan motor oil, or equal, every 3,000 hours of operating time or after a lapse of 90 days.

c. The transmitter ventilating fan 650 should be lubricated with Socony Vacuum special light bearing oil, or equal, after 3,000 hours of operating time or a lapse of 90 days.

d. About once a year the grease in the bearing housing of the Generator GN-42-B should be removed and replenished with New York and New Jersey Lubricant Company's #S-59, or equal. In cleaning out the grease, the simplest method is to remove the ball bearing caps and scrape out the grease with a clean lintless cloth. Then repack the bearing housing practically full with the #S-59 grease. It is recommended that the grease cups be checked after 1,000 hours of operating time or after a lapse of 30 days. The ball bearings in this motor generator set are of the double lubri-seal type and should never come in contact with solvents such as kerosene, gasoline, etc., of any kind. No cleansing of these bearings will ever be required other than wiping the shields and outside surfaces with a clean lintless cloth. Grease guns should never be used to lubricate the bearing housings. The easiest and safest method is the one described above.

17. TROUBLE LOCATION

a. Trouble in any of the transmitting components is most easily localized by carefully noting all symptoms

such as incorrect panel meter readings, blown fuses, incorrect operation of control circuits, etc. After localizing the trouble, a systematic investigation of voltages, currents, circuit elements, and tubes in the circuit involved will generally reveal the fault. In general, the meters most useful in trouble shooting are an ohmmeter that measures up to 1 megohm in several ranges, a voltmeter that also has several ranges to read up to 1000 volts a.c. and d.c., and a milliammeter to measure up to 500 ma. Such instruments are available singly or in combination in the Standard Signal Corps Test Set I-56-A.

b. As an aid in localizing trouble, the following is a list of average panel meter readings for Radio Transmitter BC-325-B and Power Control Panel BD-92-B:

Meter Meter Title	Part No.	Typical Reading
(1) <i>Radio Transmitter BC-325-B</i>		
Oscillator plate current	517-1	10 to 40 ma
1st I-A grid current	518	1 to 5 ma
1st I-A plate current	520-1	20 to 40 ma
2nd I-A grid current	517-2	4 to 10 ma
2nd I-A plate current	529	40 to 90 ma
P-A grid current	520-2	50 ma (CW) 25 ma (tone, voice)
P-A plate current	540	300 ma (CW) 150 ma (tone, voice)
Antenna current	550	See fig. 45
Filament-Line (Fil.-Line selector switch in mid or up position)	626	On red line
Filament-Line (Fil.-Line selector switch in down position)	626	110 V. $\pm 5\%$
(2) <i>Power Control Panel BD-92-B</i>		
Supply voltage	105	110 V. $\pm 5\%$
Supply frequency	106	60 cycles $\pm 2\%$

c. The following is a chart of possible troubles and their causes.

				Position selecting switch on panel of control unit not thrown to position 2.
(1) <i>Power Control Panel</i> <i>BD-92-B</i>	Generator is not rotating due to failure in truck power takeoff system, belt drive, or pulleys. Worn generator brushes.	Failure of any R-F stage to tune to a plate current dip.	Tuning of some stage is not according to tuning charts of Figs. 28 and 41.	
No indication on panel meters when emergency generator is in operation and switch on panel labelled EMERGENCY is thrown on.	Fuse 204d or 204e blown in connection box.	Phantom antenna will not load.	One or several of phantom antenna elements 548, 524-1, or 524-2, are blown.	(4) <i>Control Unit RM-7-B</i> (for REMOTE operation).
No indication on panel meters when external source of voltage is connected into connection box and connection box switch and switch labelled MAIN on panel are thrown ON.	Tuning of loading circuit not as shown on Fig. 42.	Antenna will not load.	Tuning of loading circuit not as shown on Figs. 43 and 44.	Will not key or voice modulate radio transmitter from appropriate jacks on position 1 side of panel.
(2) <i>Radio Transmitter</i> <i>BC-325-B</i>	Door interlocks are open.	Will not modulate from microphone plugged into transmitter panel jack.	CW-Tone-Voice switch on panel not thrown to VOICE. Local-Remote switch not thrown to LOCAL.	Local-Remote switch on associated local control unit not thrown to POSITION 1.
Contactor 638 does not click in when input power and start switches on panel are engaged.	Fuse 632 blown.	Will not key from panel Test Key.	Interlock contacts on one or several of range switch, antenna transfer switch, antenna inductor tap switch, or antenna tuning switch are dirty or not making proper contact.	Local-Remote switch on chassis of remotely operated control unit not set for REMOTE.
Contactor 638 closes but no filament voltage present on any stage.	Fuse 631-1 blown.	Will not key with key plugged into radio transmitter panel jack.	Line 1 and line 2 do not correspond at local and remote control unit.	Position selecting switch on remotely operated control unit not set to POSITION 1.
Filament voltage on every stage but plate screen, or bias voltage.	Fuse 631-2 blown.	Will not key with key plugged into radio transmitter panel jack.	Simplex 1, Simplex 2, and Phantom selecting switches on both local and remote control units are not set to corresponding positions.	Simplex 1, Simplex 2, and Phantom selecting switches on both local and remote control units are not set to corresponding positions.
No P-A plate voltage indicated on panel meter when plate standby switch is thrown to ON position.	Fuse 634 blown.	(3) <i>Control Unit RM-7-B</i> (for LOCAL operation)	All likely causes given above for position 1 side of panel, except the fourth position selecting switch not thrown to POSITION 2.	Will not key or voice modulate transmitter from appropriate jacks on position 2 side of panel.
Radio transmitter ventilating fan does not operate when ambient temperature is above 30 degrees C.	Fuse 631-3 is blown.	Local-Remote switch on jack on the position 2 Local-Remote switch on side of panel.	Local-Remote switch on transmitter not thrown to REMOTE.	Local-Remote switch on panel.

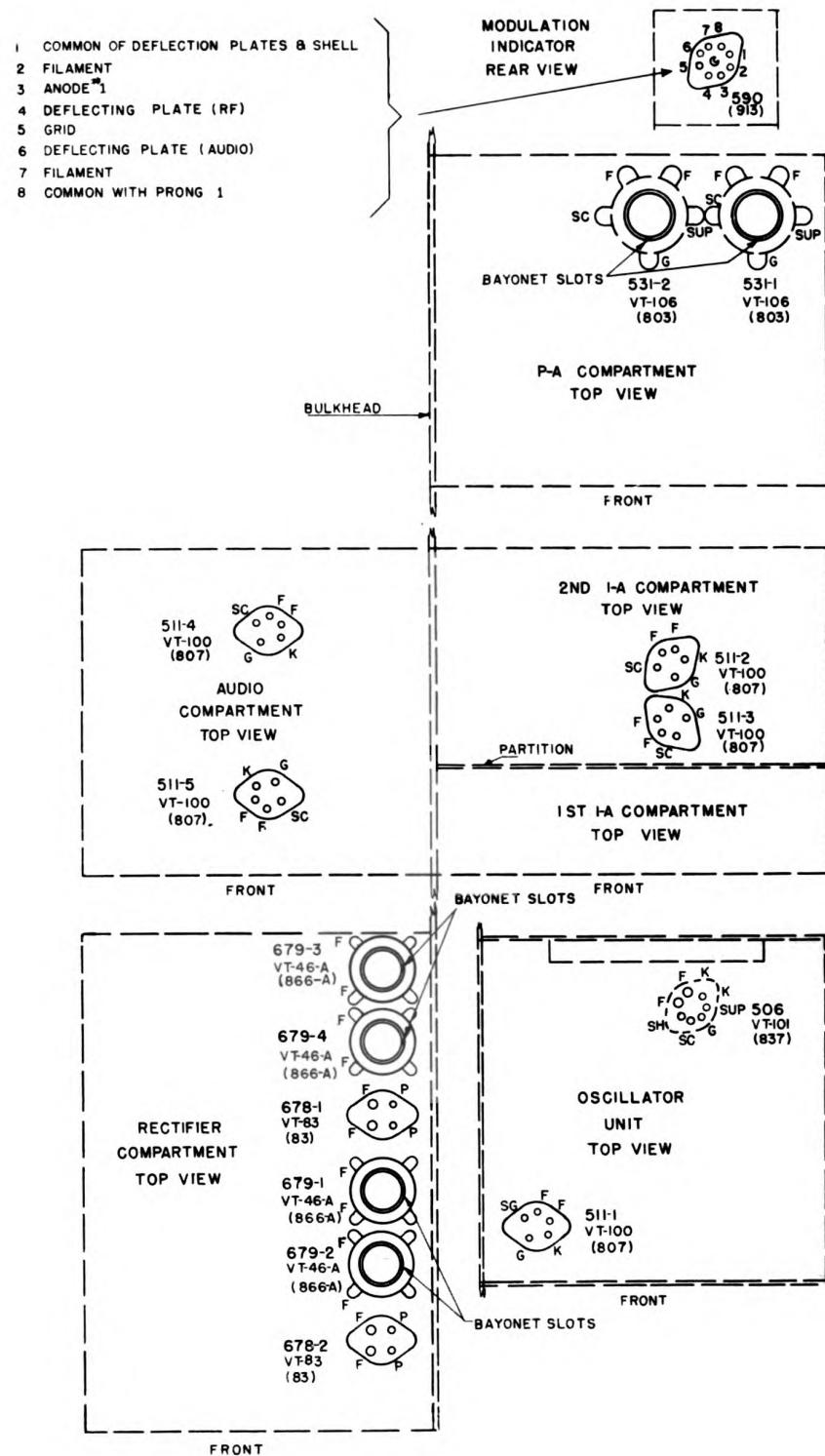


FIG. 27 RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B, DIAGRAM SHOWING TUBE SOCKET LOCATIONS RELATIVE TO CHASSIS

Tube Element	Voltage	Where Measured	Current	Where Measured
Power amplifier tubes 677-1,2 (Cont'd.)				
Grid (CW)	-150 V D-C	From tap (1) on bleeder resistor 621 to chassis	50 ma D-C	Transmitter panel meter
Grid (tone voice)	-150 V D-C	From tap (1) on bleeder resistor 621 to chassis	25 ma D-C	Transmitter panel meter
Filament	10 V A-C	Across terminals 14 and 16 of transformer 602	10 A A-C	In series with lead to term. 14 of transformer 602
Keyer tube 676-4				
Plate	14 V D-C	From plate cap of keyer tube to chassis	20-50 ma D-C	In series with lead to plate of keyer tube
Screen	110 V D-C	From lead (5) on bleeder resistor 620-2 to chassis	22 ma D-C	In series with lead (5) on bleeder resistor 620-2
Grid (key up)	(SCR-197-C) -85 V D-C	From voltage end of grid resistor 583 to chassis	0	
	(SCR-197-D) -115 V D-C	From voltage end of grid resistor 584 to chassis		
Filament	6.3 V A-C	Across terminals 6 and 7 of transformer 602	0.9 A A-C	In series with lead on term. 6 of transformer 602
Audio tube 676-5				
Plate	300 V D-C	From plate cap on tube to chassis	15 ma D-C	In series with lead (3) on bleeder resistor 620-1
Screen	85 V D-C	From lead (2) on bleeder resistor 620-1 to chassis	5 ma D-C	In series with lead (2) on bleeder resistor 620-1
Cathode	5 V D-C	Cathode contact at socket of audio tube to chassis		
Filament	6.3 V A-C	Across terminals 3 and 5 of transformer 602	0.9 A A-C	In series with lead on term. (3) of transformer 602
Osc. rectifier tube 678-1				
Plates (2)	500 V A-C	From terminals 6 to 7 and from term. 7 to 8 of transformer 605		
Filament	5 V A-C	Across terminals 3 and 5 of transformer 604	3 A A-C	In series with lead on term. (3) of transformer 604
Bias rectifier tube 678-2				
Plates (2)	210 V A-C	From terminals 3 to 4 and terminals 4 to 5 on transformer 605		
Filament	5 V A-C	Across terminals 3 and 5 of transformer 603	3 A A-C	In series with lead on term. (3) of transformer 603

e. **Continuity Checks for Cables and Terminal Boards**

Note: All measurements made with switches 103 and 104 OFF.

Part	Part No.	Term. or Lead No.	Switch Adjustments When Measuring	Where Measured To	Resistance (Ohms)
(1) RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B					
Oscillator terminal board	556	1	Switch 647 ON	To terminal 6 on terminal board 539	0
		2	Switch 647 ON	To terminal 5 on terminal board 539	0
	3			To terminal 8 on transformer 602	0
	4		LOW position on keying speed switch 554	To terminal 10 on transformer 602	0
	5		HIGH position on keying speed switch 554	To plate cap of keyer tube 676-5	0
	6			To chassis	600
	7			To lead 1 on bleeder resistor 620-1	0
	8		LOW position on keying speed switch 554	To lead 2 on bleeder resistor 621	0
	9		HIGH position on keying speed switch 554	To plate cap of keyer tube 676-5	0
	10			To terminal 11 on transformer 602	0
	11			To terminal 13 on transformer 602	0
	12			To lead 4 on bleeder resistor 620-2	0
				High potential end of bleeder resistor 620-1	0
Oscillator compartment cable	1			To terminal 1 of terminal board 596-1	0
	2			To terminal 1 of terminal board 596-1	0
	3			To filament prong contact on oscillator tube socket	0
	4			To filament prong contact on oscillator tube socket	0
	5			To cathode prong contact on oscillator tube socket	11
	6			To screen prong contact on oscillator tube socket	0
	7			To grid prong contact on 1st I-A tube socket	25000
	8			To cathode prong contact on 1st I-A tube socket	0
	9			To filament prong contact on 1st I-A tube socket	0
	10			To filament prong contact on 1st I-A tube socket	0

Part	Part No.	Term. or Lead No.	Switch Adjustments When Measuring	Where Measured To	Resistance (Ohms)
Oscillator compartment cable (cont'd.)		11		To screen prong contact on 1st 1A tube socket	0
Incoming power and lines terminal board	589	12	Local-Remote switch 580 on REMOTE and CW-Tone-Voice switch 562 on VOICE	To terminal 1 of transformer 57-1	600
		1	Same as for term. 1	To terminal 1 of transformer 57-1	0
		2	Local-Remote switch 580 on REMOTE	To grid prong contact on keyer tube socket	0
		3		To chassis	0
		4		To main power switch 617	0
		5		To main power switch 617	0
		6		To main power switch 617	0
Panel microphone jack	516	Tip	Local-Remote switch 580 on LOCAL and CW-Tone-Voice switch 562 on VOICE	To terminal 3 on transformer 57-1	0
		Ring		To chassis	0
		Sleeve		To chassis	0
Panel key jack	588	Tip	Local-Remote switch 580 set to LOCAL	To grid prong contact at keyer tube socket	0
		Sleeve		To chassis	0
(2) CONTROL UNIT RM-7.B					
AC input receptacle	436	Prong 1	On-Off power switch on ON position	To terminal 1 of transformer 130	0
		Prong 2	On-Off power switch on ON position	To terminal 4 of transformer 130	0
Audio lines receptacle (control unit set for local operation)	437	1	Position selecting switch 401 set to POSITION 1	To chassis	0
		2	Position selecting switch 401 set to POSITION 1	To ring contact of position 1 mic. jack 114-1	0
		3	Position selecting switch 401 set to POSITION 1	To tip contact of position 1 mic. jack 114-1	0
		4		To terminal 3 of transformer 439	0
		5		To terminal 5 of transformer 439	0
		6		To chassis	0
Audio lines receptacle (control unit set for remote operation)	437	1		To terminal 3 of transformer 412	0
		2		To terminal 3 of transformer 439	0
		3		To terminal 5 of transformer 439	0
		4		To chassis	0
		5		To terminal 3 of transformer 412	0
		6		To chassis	0

f. Data for Checking Transformers, Chokes, and Inductors

Note: Resistances less than 1 ohm are given as zero.

Component	Part No.	Winding Terminals	D-C Resistance (Ohms)	Q	Inductance
(1) RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B					
Oscillator variometer	505	Windings aiding Windings bucking	240 (3 mc) 124 (3 mc)	34 μ h 9 μ h	
Oscillator plate inductor	514-1		310 (3 mc)		30 μ h
1st I-A plate inductor	514-2		310 (3 mc)		29 μ h
2nd I-A plate inductor	526		440 (3 mc)		43 μ h
P-A plate inductor	537		430 (3 mc)		22 μ h
Antenna coupling inductor	511		230 (6 mc)		2.2 μ h
Antenna loading inductor	512		425 (1.5 mc)		100 μ h
Audio cathode choke	576		280		20 henries
Audio attenuating choke	566		5.5		1 henry
Audio tone freq. determining choke	569		5.5		0.85 henry
Audio plate transformer	567	1.2 3.4 5.6 6.50 100	250		
41					
Audio input transformer	574	1.1 5.6 7.8	70 100 12,500		
Filter choke	617		40		7 henries
Filter choke	614		55		7 henries
Filter choke	612		32		5 henries
Filter choke	610		28		5 henries
Power transformer	607	1.2 3.5	0 150		
Power transformer	606	1.2 3.5	0 90		

Component	Part No.	Winding Terminals	D-C Resistance (Ohms)	Q	Inductance
Power transformer	605	1,2	0		
		3,5	50		
		6,8	75		
Filament transformer	604	1,2	0		
		3,5	0		
Filament transformer	603	1,2	0		
		3,5	0		
Filament transformer	602	1,2	0		
		3,5	0		
		6,7	0		
		8,10	0		
		11,13	0		
		14,16	0		
		17,18	0		
		19,20	0		
(2) CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B					
Filter choke	426		270		
Filter choke	421a		1,2	6	
Filter choke	421b		3,4	100	
Power transformer	430		1,4	10	
			5,7	0	
Power transformer	441		8,10	750	
			1,4	15	
			5,7	0	
			9,11	0	
			12,13	0	
Audio input transformer	404		1,3	30	
Audio output transformer	412		5,4	12,000	
Telephone transformer	439		1,2	2,300	
			3,5	58	
			3,5	30	
			3,5	38	

g. Procedure for Removing Parts

(1) *Generator Belts*—To replace the three V-belts which connect the power take-off to Generator GN-42-B, first remove the top of the cover over the generator pulley by loosening the two winged nuts on the sides. The four bolts that mount the generator to the base plate are next loosened leaving the generator free in the base plate slots. Turning the head of the belt tension adjusting bolt which is located on the left end of the base plate, in a clockwise direction loosens the belts and they may be slipped off the pulleys. When replacing belts it should be noted that the three comprise a matched set so that all three should be replaced at the same time. The new belts are worked over the power take-off pulley and then the generator pulley, following which, the tension bolt is turned in a counterclockwise direction to tighten the belts until they can be deflected about one inch by pushing on them in the middle of the span between the two pulleys. The four generator base bolts are then tightened and the pulley cover replaced.

(2) *Oscillator Chassis of Radio Transmitter BC-325-B*—To remove the oscillator chassis, the cable coming from the latter is first disconnected from the terminal board 596. The panel is next released by removing the twelve (three under calibration chart) screws around the panel edges. The shock mount angles are then all that hold the chassis. The two front shock mount angles are freed from the chassis by removing the two screws which pass through clearance holes in each angle and the box, to tapped holes in the chassis. To free the angle on the left, which is mounted against the center bulkhead of the transmitter, use a screwdriver having at least a sixteen inch shank. The rear shock mount angle is loosened by removing one cap screw and a nut from a threaded stud. By pulling from the panel and at the same time feeding the cable through the hole in the box, the oscillator chassis may then be removed from the transmitter. Replacing the oscillator is accomplished by reversing the described procedure.

V TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS

The names of manufacturers appearing in the last column of the following table are in most cases abbreviated.
For the complete name of manufacturers and their addresses, see the list at the end of this table.

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
a. POWER CONTROL PANEL BD-92-B					
101		Rheostat	Field rheostat, 1000 ohms, 0.9 to 0.36 amp., 600 V max.		F-18197-2
102-1		Circuit breaker	1 pole, 15 amp., 125 V A-C	Truck lights, Conv. outlets	Ward Leonard cat. 66-2328 12537.62-37
103		Circuit breaker	2 pole, 35 amp., 230 V A-C	Emergency power supply	G.E. type AF-1
104		Circuit breaker	2 pole, 50 amp., 230 V A-C	Commercial power supply	G.E. type AF-1
105		Voltmeter IS-156	0-150 V, 60 cycle	Line voltmeter	Weston type 476
106		Frequency Meter IS-154	Frequency range 50 to 70 cycles per second	Input power frequency	Weston type 814
107		Ammeter IS-159	0 to 50 amp., 60 cycles	Line ammeter	Weston type 476
108		Receptacle	Lamp	Panel light	Crouse-Hinds cat. no. LOB-102
109		Lamp	50 W, 115 V, inside frosted, standard screw base, rough service	Panel light	G.E. type A-19
111		Receptacle	Duplex, 10 amp., 250 V A-C, complete with outlet plate	Convenience outlet	Hubbell, receptacle cat. no. 9575, with plate cat. no. 6854
112		Terminal block	8 Circuit	Inter-unit wiring connections	F-12530-12-4

* E.T.Co. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
e. INSTALLATION ITEMS (Cont.)					
302	Receptacle	Duplex, 10 amp., 250 V A-C complete with outlet plate	Convenience outlet	Hubbell Receptacle cat. no. 9575 with plate cat. no. 6854	
303	Plug	3-Circuit with <i>Black</i> shell, similar to Signal Corps Plug PL-68, to fit Signal Corps Jack JK-33-A.		Kellogg	
304	2Z7147	Plug PL-47	2-Circuit with <i>Black</i> shell, to fit Signal Corps Jack JK-34-A	Key line to transmitter	W.E. type 47-B
306	Heater-Ven-tilating unit	1500 W heater equipped with fan and protective thermostat	Compartment heat control	F-R186-1 Electric Air Heater Co. type AAT	
307-1 307-2	Floodlight	Narrow beam, weatherproof and focusing, with horizontal spread ribbed glass lens, 200 W with ALZAK aluminum reflector, complete with 200 W, 115 V lamp type PS-30, supplied with a base flange permitting both vertical and horizontal adjustment; complete with a 5 ft. power cord and a 2-wire cap protected by a Bryant metal cap style no. 3797.	Site illumination	Westinghouse type CAK-12 style no. 890651	
308-1 308-2	Outlet	Weatherproof, flush, complete with threaded metal cap and receptacle body.	Floodlight connections	Bryant cat. no. 3795	
309	Condulet	2-Gang, tandem, $\frac{3}{4}$ in.	Floodlight connections	Crouse-Hinds Co. type FS cat. no. FS-27	
314	Bushing	Antenna bushing	Ant. connection assem.	F-18970-2	
317-1 317-2 317-3 317-4	6Z7821	Reflector	Pear shape, to accommodate a 50 W, 115 V, standard screw base lamp	Compartment lighting	Hubbell cat. no. 5429
318-1 318-2 318-3 318-4	Lamp	50 W, 115 V, inside frosted, standard screw base, rough service	Compartment lighting	G.E. type A-19	

* F.T.C. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
c. INSTALLATION ITEMS (Cont.)					
319-1		Socket fixture	Lamp base fitting	Compartment lighting	National Elec. Prod. Corp. cat. no. 400X
319-2					
319-3					
319-4					
320-1		Lamp body	Standard, med. base, fluted catch, brass shell key socket, 250 V, 250 W.	Compartment lighting	Hubbell cat. no. 61
320-2					
320-3					
320-4					
329-1		Terminal block	2 Circuit	Control line termination	F-18730-1
329-2		Mast Base MP-39	Mast mounting base	Antenna support	F-19322-2
347					
348		Mast Brace MP-40	Mast clamp and insulator assembly	Antenna support	F-18765-2
47					
349		Antenna assembly	Antenna assembly consisting of: Mast Section MS-65 Mast Section MS-66 Mast Section MS-67 Mast Section MS-68 Mast Section MS-69 Mast Section MS-70 Mast Section MS-71 Mast Section MS-72 Mast Section MS-73	F-18195-1	
			Guy GY-31		
350		Receiver	Hallicrafter Sky Champion less tubes, with a shock mounting similar to that of Control Unit RM-7-B, and a small nameplate indicating MONITOR RECEIVER	Monitor for trans. output	F-18398-1
351-1		Tube VT-1117	Vacuum	Monitor receiver	RCA 6SK7
351-2					
351-3					
352		Tube	Vacuum	Monitor receiver	RCA 6K8
				* F.T.Co. drawing no. unless otherwise stated	

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No. Part	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
c. INSTALLATION ITEMS (Cont.)					
353	Tube	Vacuum		Monitor receiver	RCA 6J5GT
354	Tube VT-103	Vacuum		Monitor receiver	RCA 6SQ7
355	Tube VT-90	Vacuum		Monitor receiver	RCA 6H6
356	2V280	Tube VT-80	Vacuum	Monitor receiver	RCA 80
357	Fan	Non-oscillating, for 110 V, 60 cycles, 1 phase		Truck compartment ventilating	G.E. cat. no. 49x950
361	Frequency meter assem.			Auxiliary in cab	F-18418-12
361a	Frequency Meter IS-154	Frequency range 50 to 70 cycles per second, 110 V, flush mtg., 4 $\frac{1}{16}$ in. O.D., black bakelite case		Weston type 814	
361b	Switch	DPST, 250 V, 6 amp.		Cutler-Hammer cat. no. 8620	
48	361c	Panel light	Night light	Leviton Mfg. Co. cat. no. 758	
361d	Lamp	120 V, 6 W, candelabra screw base		Mazda type S-6	
362	Accessory spares	1 set of accessory spare parts, consisting of the following: 2 ea. Parts 204d, 204e, 434, 631-1, 631-2, 632 and 634 3 ea. Parts 654 and 655		Equipment maintenance	
		1 ant. base insulator assembly and 1 ant. retaining insulator			
		1 Part 631-3 (SCR-197-C only)			
		1 Part 633 (SCR-197-D only)			
363	Microphone T-38-A	Kellogg, type no. 117-C, non-positional transmitter, with special mouthpiece, mounted in a special Kellogg type no. 116 desk stand having a beaver-tail type of grip-to-talk area, complete with one cord terminated in a no. 247 plug and one cord terminated with a plug similar to a Signal Corps Plug PL-58		For voice operation	Kellogg
364	Tube	Vacuum		Monitor receiver	RCA 6F6G
d. CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B					
401	Switch	Phenolic, 6PDT, 2 gangs (each gang 3PDT) silver plated contacts, Centralab		Position changeover	F-13430-2-3

* F.T.C. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
d. CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B (Cont.)					
402		Switch	Phenolic, 12PDT, 4 gangs (each gang 3PDT), silver plated contacts, Centralab	LOCAL-REMOTE set-up switch	F-13430-2-6
403		Power Level Indicator IS-158	Minus 10.0 to plus 5 db, based on 0.006 W in 600 ohm circuit, slow-acting, scale to be marked both in db and milliwatts	Audio-Level indicator	Weston model 301
404		Transformer	Audio transformer, pri. 80 ohms C.T., 40 ma D-C. Sec. 250,000 ohms, 300-5000 cycles. Input level: -15 db.	Mic. amp. input	F-17724-1
405		Resistor	Fixed, 2 W, 40 ohms	Mic. balancing	IRC type BW-2
406		Potentiometer	100,000 ohms, type "C" taper, increase resistance in clockwise direction	Audio gain control	IRC type CS
407		Tube socket	Ceramic, 5 contacts	Mic. amp.	E.F. Johnson cat. no. 225S
49					
408	3Z4608	Resistor RS-208	Fixed, 1 W, 0.1 megohm	Mic. amp. grid	IRC type BT-1
409		Resistor	Fixed, 1 W, 2000 ohm	Mic. amp. cathode	IRC type BW-1
410		Capacitor	Fixed, 2 μ f, 600 V D-C W.	Mic. amp., grid coupling	C-D type DY-6200
411-1		Capacitor	Fixed, 4 μ f, 600 V D-C W.	Power supply filter	C-D type TJ-6040
411-2					
412		Transformer	Audio transformer, pri. 20,000 ohms, 4 ma D-C. Sec. 600 ohms C.T., 300-5000 cycles	Mic. amp. output	F-17722-1
413		Switch	Phenolic, 2P3T, single gang	Phantom-Simpex	F-13430-2-5
414-1	2Z5533A	Jack JK-33-A	3 circuit	Microphone	SC-D-2332-C
414-2					
415-1	2Z5534A	Jack JK-34-A	2 circuit	Key, relay contacts, BC-342	SC-D-2339-B
415-2					
415-3					
415-4					
415-5					
415-6					

* F.T.Co. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
d. CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B (Cont.)					
416	Switch	SPST, "A" dimension of $\frac{1}{32}$ in., with black oxidized finish, bakelite insulation	Rec. control	Cutler-Hammer cat. no. 8621	
417	Resistor	Fixed, 2 W, 75 ohm	Rec. dis. pwr. supply bleeder	IRC type BW-2	
418	Resistor	Fixed, 2 W, 30 ohm	Microphone supply bleeder	IRC type BW-2	
419	Capacitor	Fixed, 40 μ f, +100% -0% C, 25 V D-C W.	Microphone supply filter	C-D type BRG-10003-1	
420	Capacitor	Fixed, 500 μ f, +100% -0% C, 25 V D-C W.	Rec. dis. relay power supply filter	C-D type BRG-10002-1	
421a	Reactor	0.2 h, 350 ma D-C, 6.0 ohm max.	Rec. dis. relay power supply	F-17726-1	
50	421b	Reactor	5 h, 70 ma D-C, 100 ohms max.	Mic. pwr. supply	F-17726-1
422	Rectifier	1 phase, full-wave bridge type, copper oxide, 0.330 amp. at 12 V D-C	Rec. dis. relay power supply	Westinghouse type 4RX30	
423	Resistor	Fixed, 2 W, 250,000 ohm	Keyer tube grid resistor	IRC type BT-2	
424	Capacitor	Fixed, 0.0005 μ f, $\pm 10\%$, 500 V D-C W.	Keyer tube grid by-pass	C-D type I-WLS	
425	Resistor	Fixed, 60 W, 13,000 ohm, with a tap at 3000 ohms, mounting type 702, terminals type 219	Mic. amp. pwr. supply bleeder	Ward-Leonard type 5-B vitrohm green enamel	
426	Reactor	30 h, 60 ma D-C, 275 ohms max.	Mic. amp. pwr. supply filter	F-17720-1	
427	2T80	Tube VT-80	Vacuum, rectifier	Power supply rectifier	Comm. type 80
428-1	Tube sockets	Ceramic, 4 contacts	Pwr. supply & keyer tube	E.F. Johnson cat. no. 224	
428-2	Light	Pilot light, complete with screw base bulb for 6.3 V and red jewel cap	Power input indicator	Yaxley type 310-R and lamp cat. no. 171	

* F.T.C.O. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
d. CONTROL UNIT RM-7-B (Cont.)					
430	Transformer	Power transformer, pri. 110/220 V, 60 cycle Sec. #1: 5.1 V, 2.0 amp. C.T. Sec. #2: 370-0-370 V, C.T.		Plate and fil. of mic. amp. rect.	F-17718-1
431	Relay	Right hand, complete with R.H. mounting bracket, 1000 ohm coil, contact assembly two form "C" (2 make and 2 break) silver contacts		Rec. relay control	C.P. Clare and Co. type A-3098
432	2V2A3	Tube VT-95	Vacuum, audio		Comm. type 2A3
433	Mounting	Fuse mounting		Keyer tube for rec. dis. relay control	
434	3Z1926	Fuse FU-26	1'amp., 250 V	Power supply fuse mounting	Littelfuse type AG cat. no. 1060
435	Switch	DPST, with "A" dimension $1\frac{1}{2}$ in.		Power supply fuse	Littelfuse type 3AG cat. no. 1040
51	436	Socket	Male, 2 contacts, for 2 amp. at 250 V, locking type	Input power connector	Cutler-Hammer cat. no. 8620
	437	Connector	Male, insert of Bakelite Corp. #3200 material, 6 contacts	Control lines connector socket	Hubbell cat. no. 7466
438-1	438-2	Capacitor	Fixed, 0.002 μ f, $\pm 10\%$, 600 V D-C W	Line by-pass	American Phenolic Corp. type P-06-M
438-3	438-4	Transformer	Repeater coil, audio, Ratio—1:1, with center tap on secondary		C-D type 4 LS-12020
439	2T76	Tube VT-76	Vacuum	Repeater coil for Tele- phone EE-8	F-17834-1
440	441	Transformer	Power, pri. 110/220 V, 60 cycles Sec. #1: 2.6 V, 2.5 amp. C.T. Sec. #2: 25.8 V, 0.400 amp., tapped at 17.4 V and 21.6 V Sec. #3: 6.4 V, 0.500 amp.	Mic. amp. Fil. of mic. amp. and keyer tubes, rec. dis. pwr. sup.	Comm. type 76 F-17752-1
443		Power cord	8 ft., 2-conductor no. 16, 250 V type SJ, with a Hubbell cat. no. 7464 locking type, female plug on one end and a Harvey Hubbell 10 amp. RM-7-B 250 V no. 9972 rubber finger grip cap (male) on the other		F-18874-1

* F.T.C. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
e. RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B (Cont.)					
508-5				2nd I-A plate	
508-6				P-A grid	
508-7				P-A suppressor	
509-1		Resistor	2-Watt, 150,000 ohms	Osc. grid leak	IRC type BT-2
509-2		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, 0.01 μ f, plus or minus 10%, 500 volt. D-C. W	Mod. ind. aud. div.	C-D type 9LS-11010
510-1				Osc. cath by-pass	
510-2				Osc. S grid "	
510-3				Osc. plate "	
510-4				1st I-A grid "	
510-5				1st I-A S "	
510-6				1st I-A plate "	
510-7				2nd I-A grid "	
510-8				2nd I-A SG "	
510-9				P-A C grid "	
510-10				P-A S grid "	
511-1		Tube socket	Ceramic	1st I-A	E.F. Johnson
511-2				2nd I-A	cat. no. 225S
511-3				2nd I-A	
511-4				Keyer	
511-5				Audio	
512-1		Capacitor	Variable, 35 μ f max., spacing = 0.030 inches	Osc. plate coupling;	Cardwell type
512-2				osc. grid tank	ZR-35-AS
513-1		Capacitor	Variable, 260 μ f max., spacing = 0.03 inches; to be equipped with ball bearings front support and single (adjustable) rear support	Osc. plate tuning	Cardwell type
513-2				1st I-A tuning	MR-260-BS
513-3				2nd I-A padding	
514-1		Coil	Tank inductor	Osc. plate	F-17762-2-1
514-2				I-A plate	
515		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, 0.00003 μ f plus or minus 10%, 600 V D-C W	1st I-A grid coupling	C-D type 9LS-11030
516	2Z5533A	Jack JK-33-A	3 circuit	Local mic.	SC-D-2332-C
517-1		Ammeter	0-50 ma D-C 3 1/2 inch	Osc. plate current	Weston model 301
517-2		IS-142		2nd I-A grid current	

* F.T.C. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
e. RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B (Cont.)					
518		Ammeter IS-132	0-10 ma D-C	1st I-A grid current	Weston model 301
519-1		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, 0.006 μ f, plus or minus 10%, 600 V D-C W	Meter by-pass; Osc. plate	C-D type 4LES-12060
519-2				1st I-A grid	
519-3				1st I-A plate	
519-4				2nd I-A grid	
519-5				2nd I-A plate	
519-6				P-A grid	
519-7				P-A plate	
519-8				Fil. voltmeter	
519-9				Plate "	
520-1		Ammeter IS-141	0-100 ma D-C	1st I-A plate current	Weston model 301
520-2		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, 0.00005 μ f, plus or minus 10%, 600 V D-C W	P-A grid current	
521		Resistor	Fixed, 3 watt, 25 ohm, carbon	2nd I-A grid coupling	C-D type 9LS-14050
522-1				2nd I-A grid suppressor	Continental Carbon type D3
522-2				2nd I-A grid resistor	IRC type BT-2
523		Resistor	Fixed, 2 watt, 15000 ohms		
524-1		Phantom ant.	250 watt, 73 ohm		Ohmite type D-250
524-2					
525-1		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, 0.01 μ f, plus or minus 5%, 1000 V D-C W	2nd I-A plate by-pass	C-D type 677-15LS
525-2				P-A fil. by-pass	
525-3					
526		Coil	Tank inductor	2nd I-A plate	Dwg. F-18262-3
527		Switch	1 pole, 10 position, 1 gang, ceramic	2nd I-A plate inductor	Dwg. F-17188-2
528-1		Capacitor	Variable, 150 μ f max., spacing = 0.070 inches, to be equipped with ball bearing front support and single ball (adjustable) rear support	P-A grid coupling	Cardwell type MT-450-GS
528-2				2nd I-A plate	
529		Ammeter IS-143	0-250 ma D-C	2nd I-A plate current	Weston model 301

* F.T.C.O. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
e. RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B (Cont.)					
530-1		Resistor	Fixed, 5-watt, 20,000 ohms	P-A grid loading	Continental Carbon type D-5
530-2		Tube socket	Ceramic, 5 contact	P-A tubes	E.F. Johnson cat. no. 216 S
531-1				Freq. monitor pick-up	Amer. Radio Hardware Inc. no. 1756
531-2		Binding post	Nickel plated	P-A plate	F.W. Sickles cat. no. 1226
532		R-F choke		P-A plate	F-18396-12
534		Switch	1 pole, 10 position, 1 gang, shorting type	P-A plate capacitor range	
535a		Switch	1 pole, 10 position, 1 gang	P-A fixed capacitor	F-18396-12
535b				P-A plate inductor range	
535c		Interlock		In keying circuit	F-18838-2-3
535d		Capacitor	Variable with lock, 160 μf , 0.125 in. spacing	P-A tank padding	Cardwell type XD-160-XS
536		Coil	Tank inductor	P-A plate	F-18261-3
537		Capacitor	Variable, 2 stators; spacing 0.125 in., #1 (front) = 210 μf ; #2 (rear) = 110 μf , to be equipped with ball bearings front and single ball (adjustable) rear support	P-A plate tuning	Cardwell Ant. tuning
538-1				P-A plate by-pass	C-D type PL-1046-30-BL
538-2		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, 0.004 μf , $\pm 5\%$, 3000 V D-C W	P-A plate ammeter	Weston model 301
539		Ammeter IS-8	0-500 ma D-C	Ant. coupling	F-18783-12
540	3F208	Coil		Ant. loading	F-18256-12
541		Coil		Ant. loading coil, taps	F-18392-12
542		Switch	1 pole, 11 position, 1 gang, micalex	In keying circuit	F-18838-2-6
543a		Interlock			
543b					

* F.T.C. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
e. RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325B (Cont.)					
560-1		Capacitor	Fixed, 4 μ f, 600 V D-C W	Mod. ind. pwr. supply filter, audio cathode by-pass	C-D type TJ-6010
560-2				Mod. ind. aud. cplg. CW-Tone-Voice selector	C-D type 4LS-11020 F-9632-2-13
561		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, .02 μ f, 600 V D-C W	Tone osc. feedback	IRC type BT-1
562		Switch	6 pole, 3 position, 3 gang, ceramic	Audio plate by-pass P-A supp. supply by-pass	C-D type TJ-6010
563		Resistor	Fixed, 1 W, 3 megohm	Audio output filter	F-17704-1
565-1	3D245	Capacitor	Fixed, 1 μ f, $\pm 10\%$, 600 V D-C W	Audio output and modulating	F-17708-1
565-2		CA-245		Tone gain control	F-6164-2-29
566		Choke	Audio choke, 1 henry	Audio osc.	F-17706-1
567		Transformer	Audio transformer, three windings winding ratios: 1:1; 1:1	Tone reactor	
568		Potentiometer	20,000 ohms, wirewound	Audio osc. tone freq. selector	F-9632-2-36
569		Choke	Audio choke, 0.85 henry	Audio osc. tone frequency determining	
570		Switch	1 pole, 3 position, 1 gang, ceramic	Audio osc. tone frequency determining	
571		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, 0.0135 μ f, $\pm 2\%$	Audio osc. tone frequency determining	C-D type 1118-15LS
572		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, 0.033 μ f, $\pm 2\%$	Audio osc. tone frequency determining	C-D type 1098-15LS
573		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, 0.1 μ f, $\pm 2\%$	Audio osc. tone frequency determining	C-D type 721-15LS
574		Transformer	Audio, 3 windings, 600 ohms, 600 ohms/grid	Audio input	F-17710-1
575		Terminal block	2 circuit	Fan connections	H. B. Jones *2-22
576		Reactor	Filter reactor, 20 henries	Mic. pwr. supply	F-17750-1
577		Attenuator	600/600 ohms, "T" pad, 9 steps of 3 db each, plus an infinite position; 0 db level at 0.006 W	Audio input gain con- trol (remote operation)	Daven Co., similar to type T-250

* F.T.C. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
e. RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B (Cont.)					
578		Attenuator	150 ohms, 2 W	Audio input gain control (local operation)	IRC type W
579-1		Resistor	Fixed, 2 W, 40 ohms	Audio cathode Mic. balancing	IRC type BW-2
579-2		Switch	6 poles, 2 positions, 2 gang, ceramic	Local-Remote selector	F-9632-2-37
580		Resistor	Fixed, 25,000 ohms, 2 W	1st I-A grid leak	IRC type BT-2
581		Capacitor	Fixed, 0.0005 μ f, $\pm 10\%$, 600 V D-C W	1st I-A cath. by-pass keyer tube grid by-pass	C-D type 4LS-13050
582-1				P-A supp. by-pass	
582-2				P-A supp. by-pass	
582-3				Audio filter tuning	
582-4					
582-5					
583		Resistor	Fixed, 2 W, 250,000 ohms	(SCR-197-C only) (SCR-197-D only)	Keyer tube grid
584		Resistor	Fixed, 5 W, 10,000 ohms	Keyer tube grid	IRC type BT-2
585		R-F choke		Osc. plate	Continental type 5-D
586		Switch	Switchboard key	Test key	Coto-Coil type C-I-12
587		Resistor	Fixed, 2 W, 300,000 ohms		Amer. Auto. Elec. Sales Co. type DA-76
588	2Z5534A	Jack JK-34-A	2 circuit	Audio input grid shunt	
589		Terminal block	8 circuit	Key (local)	SC-D-2339-B
590		Tube socket	8 contact, octal, ceramic	External connections	F-12530-12-4
591		Capacitor	Fixed, 0.00109 μ f, $\pm 2\%$, 1000 V D-C W	Mod. ind.	American Phenolic Corp. cat. no. RSS8
592-1		Thermostat	Normally closed, temperature range plus 30°C to plus 80°C	Osc. grid tank padding	C-D type 1133-6LS
592-2		Heater	350 W, 230 V	Osc. heater box temp. control	George Ulanet Co. type ASK-BB-300
593-1		Heater	350 W, 115 V	Osc. compartment	Edwin L. Wiegand Co. cat. no. SE-1003
594-1		Heater	350 W, 115 V	Osc. compartment	Edwin L. Wiegand Co. cat. no. SE-1003

* F.T.C.O. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
e. RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B (Cont.)					
611-1		Capacitor	Fixed, 20 μ f, 600 V D-C W	Osc. rect. filter	C-D type PC-1070
611-2				Bias rect. filter	
612		Reactor	Filter, 5 henries	Bias rect. filter	F-17716-1
613-1		Capacitor	Fixed, 0.25 μ f, $\pm 3\%$, 3000 V D-C W	Low voltage rect. filter	C-D type MG-551
613-2				Main rect. filter	
614		Reactor	Filter, 7.0 henries	Low voltage rect. filter	F-17310-1
615		Resistor	Fixed, 12 W, 500 ohm	Low voltage rect. peak	IRC type DJ
				current limiting	
616		Capacitor	Fixed, 12 μ f, 1000 V D-C W	Low voltage rect. filter	C-D type TJ-10120
617		Reactor	Filter, 7.0 henries	Main rect. filter	F-17312-1
618		Resistor	Fixed, 90 W, 1000 ohms	Main rect. peak current limiting	W.L. type 6 WX
					vitrohm green enamel
619		Capacitor	Fixed, 12 μ f, 2500 V D-C W	Main rect. filter	C-D type TJ-25120
620-1		Resistor	Fixed, 160 W, 1600 ohm, with ten taps	Dividers; osc. rect., low volt. rect.	W.L. type D
620-2					
621		Resistor	Fixed, 160 W, 700 ohm, with ten taps	Bias rect. divider	W.L. type D
622		Resistor	Fixed, 160 W, 9000 ohm	Main rect. divider	W.L. type D
623a		Voltmeter	0-3000 V D-C resistor type multiplier (1000 ohms per volt)	Plate voltmeter	Weston model 301
623b		Multiplier	Tubular resistor	For Voltmeter IS-155	
624-1		Tube socket	Ceramic	Osc. Rect.	E.F. Johnson cat. no. 224
624-2				Bias rect.	
624-3				Phantom ant.	
624-4				Phantom ant.	
				Low voltage rect.	E.F. Johnson cat. no. 209
625-1		Tube socket	Ceramic	Low voltage rect.	
625-2				Main rect.	
625-3				Main rect.	
625-4					

* E.T.Co. Drawing No. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
e. RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B (Cont.)					
626	Voltmeter IS-157	0-150 V A-C (60 cycles), low-high scale with <i>internal</i> multiplier	Filament-Line voltage	Weston model 476	
627	Switch	Switchboard key (3PDT)	Filament-Line voltmeter transfer	American Automatic Elec. Sales Co. type DA	
628-1	Lamp	120 V candelabra base, clear	Fil. ON light Plate ON light Osc. dial light	Standard Mazda type S6	
628-2			Fil. ON light	Dial Light Co. of Amer. Inc. cat. no. 100-F	
628-3			Osc. bias rect.	Bryant Electric Co. *3929	
629	Indicator light assem.	For standard Mazda S6 lamp, 110 V with <i>green</i> faceted jewel cap	Low volt, rect.		
630-1	Fuse block	Single pole, 250 V, 30 amp. barrier type, porcelain base	Main rect.		
630-2			Filaments		
630-3			Fan		
630-4			(SCR-197-C) (SCR-197-D)	Osc. bias rect.	
630-5			(SCR-197-D)	Vent. fan	
631-1	Fuse	Cartridge, 1.6 amp., 250 V	Low volt rect.		
631-2			(Used on SCR-197-C only)	Vent. fan	
631-3			(SCR-197-C)	Filament	
632	Fuse	Cartridge, 3.2 amp., 250 V	(SCR-197-D)	Filament	Bussman #4032
		Cartridge, 4.5 amp., 250 V			Bussman #4045
633	Fuse	Cartridge, 2.0 amp., 250 V	(Used on SCR-197-D only)	Osc. bias rect.	Bussman #402
634	Fuse	Cartridge, 12 amp., 250 V		Main rect.	Bussman #412
635	Switch	Push button, 1 amp., 250 V	STOP	G.E. cat. no. 4324194	G-1 (red)
636	Switch	Push button, 1 amp., 250 V	START	G.E. cat. no. 4324194	
				G-1 (green)	
637-1	Interlock	Safety	Access door	Bryant cat. no. LD-4600	
637-2					
638	Contactor	To have a time delay of 27 to 30 seconds, coil to operate from 110 V, 60 cycles, with 2 normally open contacts for 30 amps., time delay contact and one auxiliary normally open contact for 1 amp.	Fil. control with plate time delay	Monitor Controller Co. similar to type SP-1104 dwg. P.SK-121339	
			* F.T.Co. drawing no. unless otherwise stated		

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
e. RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B (Cont.)					
639-1	Contactor	DPSB, coil for 110 V, 60 cycles	Osc. bias, low volt. rect., main plate rect.	Struthers-Dunn Inc. type CX3011	
639-2	Contactor	DPSB, coil for 110 V, 60 cycles	Tune-Operate	Struthers-Dunn Inc. type CX3012	
640	Resistor	Fixed, 160 W, 5 ohms	Main rect.	W.L. type D	
641-1			pri. dropping		
641-2	Switch	SPST, 6 A., 250 V	Tune-Operate Plate standby	Cutler Hammer cat. 8621	
641-3	Indicator	For standard Mazda S6 lamp, 110 V with red faceted jewel cap	Plate ON light	Dial Light Co. of Amer. Inc. cat. # 100-F	
642-1	Thermometer	Temp. range minus 35°C to plus 65°C with overshoot protection to 100°C	Rect. tube compartment	F-18508-1	
642-2	Heater	500 W, 230 V	Rect. tube compartment	Edwin L. Wiegand Co. cat. no. SK-1205	
643				Spencer Thermostat Co. type C-4351-17	
644	Thermostat	Contacts to close at 25°C plus or minus 3° and open at temperature not over 35°C	Rect. tube compartment	G.E. type AF-1	
645	Switch	2 pole, 25 amp., 230 V A-C	Main line	Struthers-Dunn Inc. type BSB-1	
646	Relay	Contacts for 250 V A-C 0.25 amp., SEE SAW armature to be adjustable for pick-up over range of 0.2 to 0.4 amp.	Overload	style CX-3013	
647				IRC type DF	
648	Resistor	Fixed, 4.8 W, 26 ohms	Main rect. overload shunting	F-17586-1	
649	Vent. fan	10" diameter fan with direct attached 1/20 HP 1750 RPM, 50/60 cycle, 110 V, 1 phase motor	Ventilation	IRC type BW-2	
650				Spencer Thermostat Co. type C-4351-17	
651	Resistor	Fixed, 2 W, 600 ohm	Audio input terminating		
652	Thermostat	Contacts to open at 18°C ± 3°; to close at temperature not over 25°C	Ventilating fan control		

* F.T.C. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
e. RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B (Cont.)					
654		Air filter	Replacement pad, $15\frac{1}{16} \times 20\frac{1}{16} \times 1$ ", with adhesive; composed of same fibres as used in 1" thick dusttop fiberglass air filter.	Inlet air	F-20744-1
655		Air filter	Replacement pad, coarse glass wool air filter mat with adhesive, $\frac{1}{2}$ in. thick	Outlet air	F-18410-1
658-1 658-2		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, 0.0005 μ f, $\pm 5\%$, 600 V D-C W	Osc. grid coupling Osc. plate blocking	C-D type 9LS-13050
659-1 659-2		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, 0.000135 μ f, $\pm 5\%$, 1200 V D-C W	Osc. plate tank 1st I-A plate tank	C-D type 9LS
660		Resistor	Fixed, 160 W, 4600 ohms, with five taps	Main rect. divider	W.L. type D
661-1 661-2		Resistor	Fixed, 160 W, 4600 ohms	Main rect. divider	W.L. type D
662		Capacitor	Variable, 140 μ uf	Mod. ind. R-F control	Cardwell type ZU-140-AS
663		Potentiometer	40,000 ohms	Mod. Ind. FOCUS control	IRC type CS
664		Capacitor	Fixed, mica, 0.00025 μ f, 600 V D-C W	Mod. ind. R-F by-pass	C-D type 9LS-13025
666		Resistor	Fixed, 1W, 60,000 ohms	Mod. ind. def. plate	IRC BT-1
675 676-1 676-2 676-3 676-4 676-5	2T101 2T100	Tube VT-101 Tube VT-100	Vacuum Vacuum	Osc. 1st I-A 2nd I-A 2nd I-A Keyer Audio	Comm. type 837 Comm. type 807
677-1 677-2	2N803	Tube VT-106	Vacuum	Power amp.	Comm. type 803
678-1 678-2	2N83	Tube VT-83	Rectifier, mercury vapor	Osc. rect.; Bias rect.	Comm. type 83

* F.T Co. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Ref. No.	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	*Drawing No.
e. RADIO TRANSMITTER BC-325-B (Cont.)					
679.1	2T16A	Tube VT-16-A	Rectifier, mercury vapor	Low volt. rect.	Comm. type 866-A
679.2				Low volt. rect.	
679.3				Main rect.	
679.4				Main rect.	
680	Tube	Cathode ray		Modulation indicator	Comm. type 913
f. MISCELLANEOUS MECHANICAL PARTS					
Quan. Used	Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	Drawing No.
5	Shock mount	Lord mounting, J-1181-3A, insert tapped $\frac{5}{8}$ "-11 thread, zinc chromate primer and black Duco finish	Transmitter shock absorber	F-18188-1 item 31	
3	Shock mount	Lord mounting, 150P12, copper flash and dull white nickel plate	Oscillator compartment shock absorber	F-18188-1 item 30	
4	Shock mount	Federal Telegraph Co. cushion connector	Power control panel meter shock absorber	F-18522-1-1	
4	Shock mount	Federal Telegraph Co. cushion connector	Auxiliary freq. meter shock absorber	F-18522-1-4	
4	Shock mount	Federal Telegraph Co. cushion connector	Control unit shock absorber	F-18522-1-2	
4	Shock mount	Federal Telegraph Co. cushion connector	Monitor receiver shock absorber	F-18522-1-3	
3	Shock mount	Federal Telegraph Co. cushion connector	Voltage regulator shock absorber	F-3032-12-70 # 40	
9'-6"	Gasket	Minor Rubber Co. #394 rubber refrigerator gasket	Weather strip, oscillator, power control meter panel		
2	Gasket	Armstrong Cork Co. CORPRENE gasket $\frac{7}{8}$ " x 11" x $\frac{1}{16}$ " thick	Heat seal, oscillator door	F-18353-12 item 7	

* F.T.C.o. drawing no. unless otherwise stated

18. TABLE OF REPLACEABLE PARTS (Cont.)

Quan. Used Stock No.	Name of Part	Description	Function	Drawing No.
f. MISCELLANEOUS MECHANICAL PARTS (Cont.)				
2	Insulator	Isolantite insulator # 348-L-4 1" dia. x 4" long. 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ " 20 tapped holes	Standoff ins.	
1	Insulator	Isolantite insulator # 815 1 $\frac{3}{8}$ " x 1 $\frac{3}{8}$ " Sq. x $\frac{1}{4}$ " thick coupling, 8- # 4-40 tapped holes	Variometer shaft coupling	
6	Insulator	Alsimag insulator # 1112 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia. x 7 $\frac{1}{4}$ " long 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ " holes	Antenna guy rope	
9	Insulating bushing	Alsimag bushing # 1173	Lead through bushing	
2	Insulating bushing	Alsimag bushing # 1174	Lead through bushing	
9	Insulating bushing	Alsimag bushing # 1175	Lead through bushing	
1	Bearing	Marlan-Rockwell Corp. # 308MFF	Generator, pulley end	
1	Bearing	Marlan-Rockwell Corp. # 306MFF	Generator, slip ring end	
1	Bearing	Marlan-Rockwell Corp. # 203SFF	Exciter, closed end	
4	Brushes	National Carbon Co. type SA35 3 $\frac{1}{8}$ "x1"x1 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	A-C generator	
2	Brushes	National Carbon Co. type SA35 3 $\frac{1}{8}$ "x $\frac{5}{8}$ "x1 $\frac{1}{8}$ "	Exciter	
1	Pillow block	SKF Industries # SAF1607A pillow block for 1 $\frac{1}{8}$ " shaft	P.T.O. drive shaft bearing front	SA-607
1	Pillow block	SKF Industries # SAF1607A pillow block for 1 $\frac{1}{8}$ " shaft bearing to be stabilized	P.T.O. drive shaft bearing rear	SA-607
1	Power take- off unit	H. S. Watson Co. # 1821-1	Generator drive	C-290
3	V belt	Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co. type B-55, 19.5 in.	Generator drive	
1	Pulley	Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co. 5.6 in. P.D., 3B groove Flexsteel sheave, G23 bushing, 1 $\frac{1}{8}$ " bore, keyway $\frac{5}{16}$ x $\frac{3}{16}$ in. deep	P.T.O. drive shaft pulley	
1	Pulley	Allis Chalmers Mfg. Co. 5.4 in. P.D., 3B groove Flexsteel sheave, G23 bushing, 1 $\frac{1}{8}$ " bore, keyway $\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{5}{32}$ in. deep	Generator pulley	

g. List of Manufacturers—Names and Addresses

- Allis Chalmers Manufacturing Co., Milwaukee, Wisc.
- American Auto Electric Sales Co., 1031 W. Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.
- American Lava Corp., Globe Indemnity Bldg., Newark, N. J.
- American Phenolics Corp., 1250 W. Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.
- American Radio Hardware Co., 476 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.
- Armstrong Cork Co., 1010 Concord St., Lancaster, Pa.
- Atlantic India Rubber Works, 1453 W. Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.
- Bussman Manufacturing Co., Union at Jefferson St., St. Louis, Mo.
- Bryant Electric Co., Bridgeport, Conn.
- C. P. Clair and Co., 4903 Lawrence Ave., Chicago, Ill.
- Continental Carbon Inc., 13900 Lorraine Ave., Cleveland, Ohio
- Continental Electric Co. Inc., 325 E. Ferry St., Newark, N. J.
- Cornell Dubilier Corp., Hamilton Blvd., S. Plainfield, N. J.
- Coto Coil Co. Inc., Providence, R. I.
- Crouse Hind's Co., Hills and Clary St., Syracuse, N. Y.
- Cutler Hammer Inc., 1333 West St., Milwaukee, Wis.
- Daven Co., 160 Summit St., Newark, N. J.
- Dial Light Co. of America, 92 West St., New York, N. Y.
- Electric Air Heater Co., 451 S. Byrkit St., Misawaka, Ind.
- Federal Telegraph Co., 200 Mt. Pleasant Ave., Newark, N. J.
- General Electric Co., Schenectady, N. Y.
- Harvey Hubbell Inc., 1930 Thomas St., Bridgeport, Conn.
- Hazard Insulated Wire Works Div., 1898 Hazle St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa.
- Isolantite Inc., 343 Cortlandt St., Belleville, N. J.
- International Resistance Co., 401 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.
- Jefferson Union Co., 910 25th St., Bellwood, Ill.
- E. F. Johnson Co., Waseca, Minn.
- Kellogg Switchboard and Supply Co., 6650 S. Cicero Ave., Chicago, Ill.
- Kenyon Transformer Co., 840 Barry St., New York City, N. Y.
- Kurz Kasch Inc., 1417 S. Broadway, Dayton, Ohio
- Leviton Manufacturing Co., Greenpoint Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
- Littelfuse Inc., 4765 Ravenswood Ave., Chicago, Ill.
- Lord Manufacturing Co., 1639 W. 12th St., Erie, Pa.
- Marlan Rockwell Corp., 338 Peach St., N. E., Atlanta, Ga.
- Minor Rubber Co. Inc., 218 Market St., Newark, N. J.
- Mitchell Rand Insulation Co. Inc., 51 Murray St., New York, N. Y.
- Monitor Controller Co., Baltimore, Md.
- National Carbon Co. Inc., 30 E. 42nd St., New York, N. Y.
- National Electric Products Corp., 6th and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.
- National Lock Co., Rockford, Ill.
- Ohmite Manufacturing Co., 4835 W. Flournoy St., Chicago, Ill.
- Premier Crystal Labs., 12 Park Row, New York, N. Y.
- R.C.A. Manufacturing Co., Camden, N. J.
- F. W. Sickle Co., 300 Main St., Springfield, Mass.
- Simplex Corp., Burlington, Iowa
- SKF Industries Inc., Front and Erie St., Philadelphia, Pa.
- Spencer Thermostat Co., 40 Forest St., Attleboro, Mass.
- Struthers Dunn Inc., 1315 Cherry St., Philadelphia, Pa.
- George Ulanet Co., 90 E. Kinney St., Newark, N. J.
- United Carr Fastner Corp., 31 Ames St., Cambridge, Mass.
- Ward Leonard Manufacturing Corp., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
- H. S. Watson Co., Toledo, Ohio
- Western Electric Co., 195 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
- Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Co., Hill St., E. Pittsburgh, Pa.
- Weston Electrical Instrument Corp., 614 Frelinghuysen Avenue, Newark, N. J.
- Edwin L. Wiegand Co., 7506 Thomas Blvd., Pittsburgh, Pa.
- Yaxley Manufacturing Div., 3029 E. Washington, Indianapolis, Ind.

19. LIST OF IDENTICAL ITEMS USED IN MORE THAN ONE PRINCIPAL COMPONENT

Description	Principal Component in Which Contained	Reference Number
Capacitor, fixed, 4uf, 600 V. D-C W. C-D type TJ-6040	Control Unit RM-7-B	411-1 411-2
Jack JK-33-A, 3 circuit	Radio Transmitter BC-325-B	560-1 560-2
Jack JK-34-A, 2 circuit	Control Unit RM-7-B	414-1 414-2
Lamp, 120 V., 6W, candelabra screw base, Mazda type S-6	Radio Transmitter BC-325-B	516
Lamp, 50W, 115V., inside frosted, standard screw base, rough service, G.E. type A-19	Control Unit RM-7-B	415-1 415-2 415-3 415-4 415-5
Light, panel, Leviton Mfg. Co. cat. no. 758	Radio Transmitter BC-325-B	588
Receptacle, duplex, 10 amp., 250 V., complete with outlet plate	Installation item	361d
Switch, DPST, 250 V., 6 amp.	Radio Transmitter BC-325-B	628-1 628-2 628-3
Terminal block, 8 circuit, F.T.Co. drawing no. F-12530-12-4	Power Control Panel BD-92-B	109
Tube socket, ceramic, 5 contacts, E. F. Johnson cat. no. 225S	Installation item	318-1 318-2 318-3 318-4
Tube socket, ceramic, 4 contacts, E. F. Johnson cat. no. 224	Radio Transmitter BC-325-B	548
	Power Control Panel BD-92-B	361c
	Installation item	555
	Power Control Panel BD-92-B	111
	Installation item	302
	Power Control Panel BD-92-B	114
	Installation item	361b
	Control Unit RM-7-B	435
	Power Control Panel BD-92-B	112
	Installation item	113
	Radio Transmitter BC-325-B	589
	Control Unit RM-7-B	407
	Radio Transmitter BC-325-B	511-1 511-2 511-3 511-4 511-5
	Control Unit RM-7-B	428-1 428-2
	Radio Transmitter BC-325-B	624-1 624-2 624-3 624-4

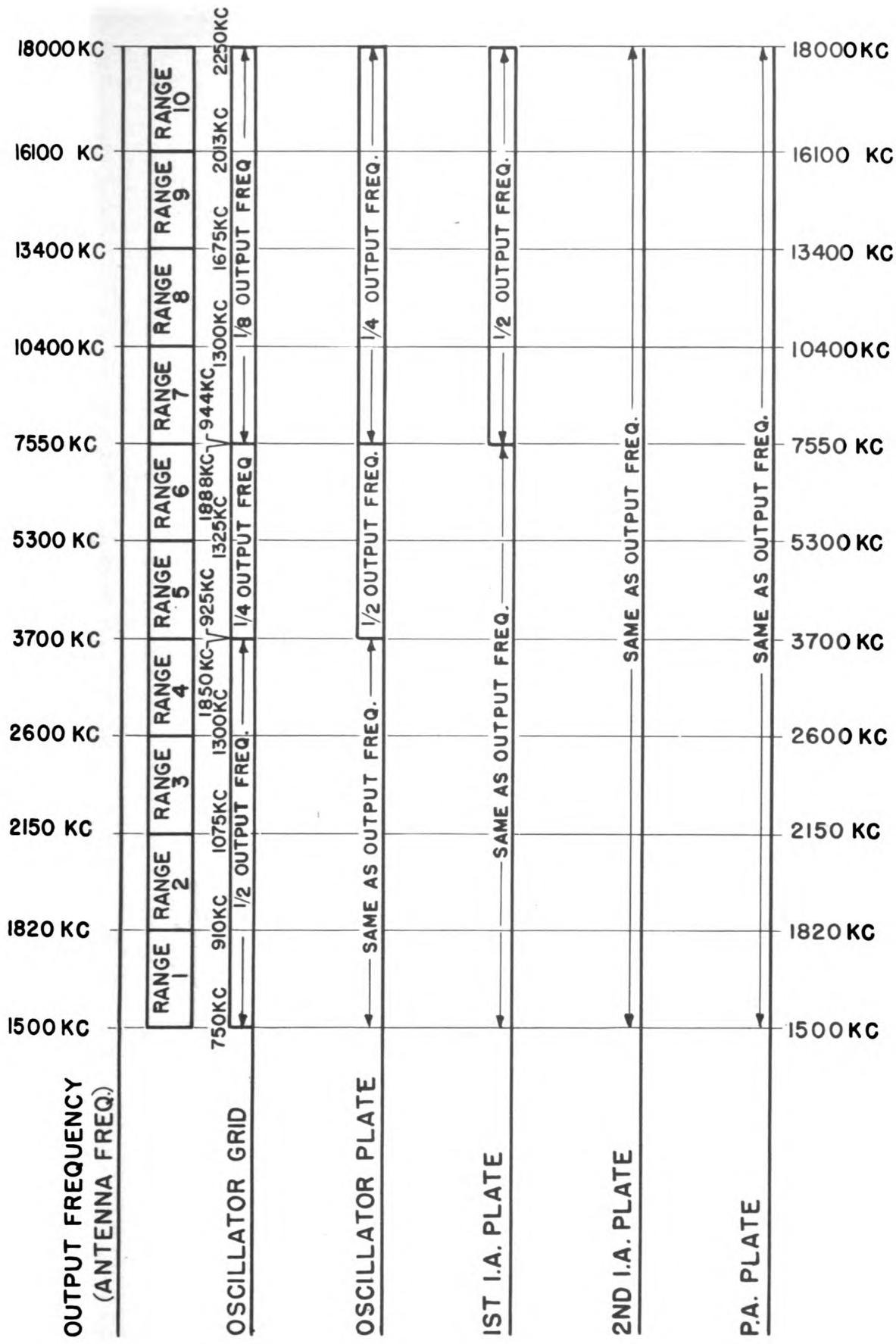


Fig. 29 Radio Transmitter BC-325-B, Chart Showing Frequency Range of Each Stage on All Range Switch Positions

